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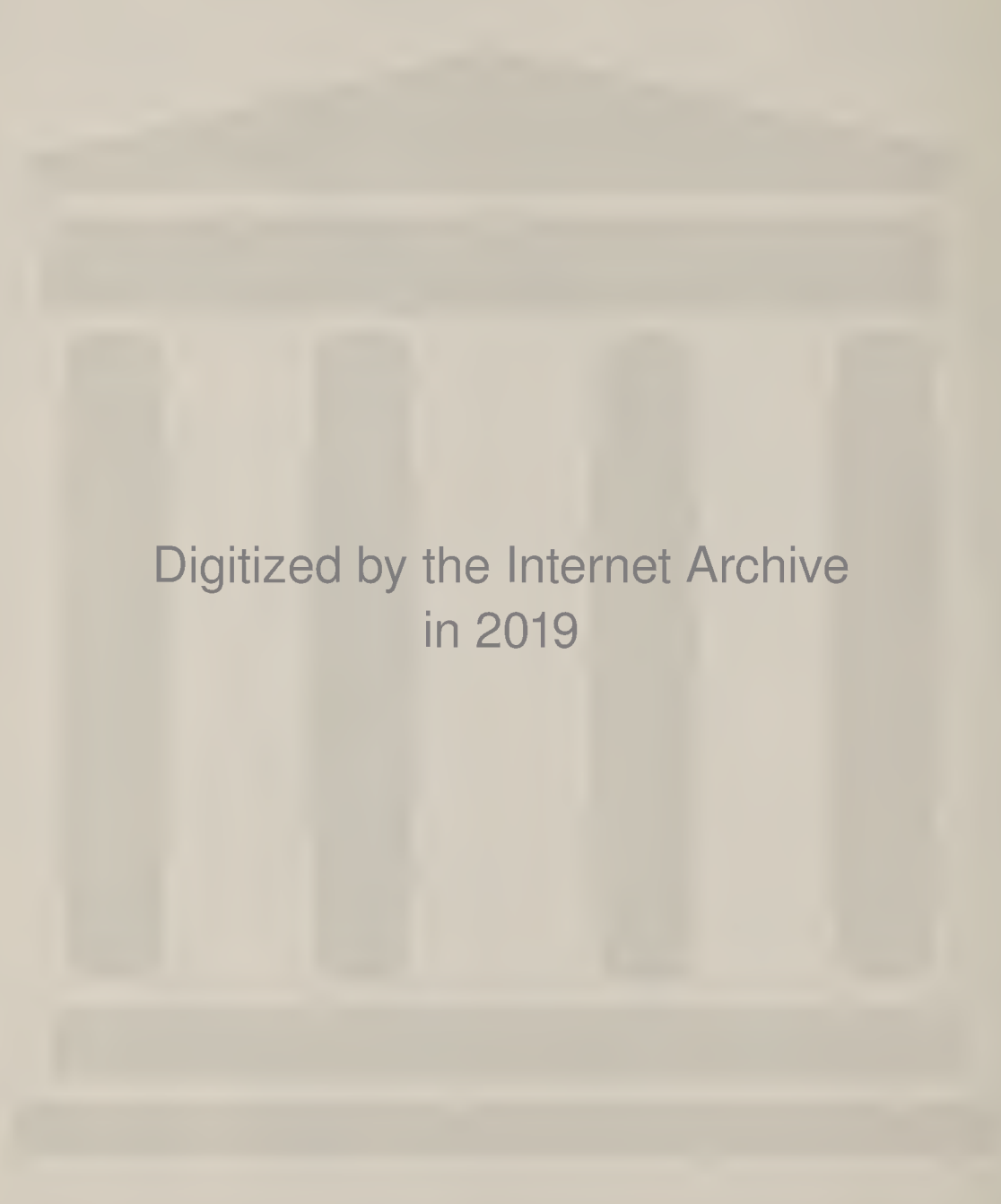
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John Watt Pioneer

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JOHN WATT - Pioneer

Please check your records with the printed ones herein and where-ever errors may occur, send in the information to correct the errors.

Where you know of additional facts concerning any whose records are included herein, such as births, marriages, deaths and the dates involved, any historical or personal events that may occur in the future (the changeing of home towns, occupations, schools attended, etc.) - send this information.

Thus may these records be continued on down through the years and be compiled into another book in the course of a few years.

Thanks for your help.

Frank H. Watt
Box 1176
Waco Texas.

Recd Apr 9 - 1979

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Very truly yours,

John F. Kennedy
President of the United States

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RELATING TO THE DESCENDENTS OF ONE
JOHN WATT OF SCOTLAND, WHO CAME
TO AMERICA---BY THE WAY OF
IRELAND IN 1829---
AND OF OTHERS





This book is the outgrowth of a few questions asked the writer a number of years ago. These questions related to certain facts of family lore and history and were unanswered because of lack of knowledge concerning such matters.

A few random queries at various times revealed that many were also lacking in a knowledge as to who were the various members of the family, where and when they became members and where they might be found. The older generations have been negligent in handing on to their children a detailed knowledge of their families.

The writer as a small boy had lived in the old Watt community but had been told only that certain people were kinfolks, the why and wherefore of such relationship remaining a mystery.

A bit of research was of such interest as to impel a continuance and the results are recorded in the following pages.



Dedicated to the Memory
of my Father
Henry Graves Watt

He was not rich, he was not famous, but,
it was said of him, he was that rare person-
ality, a good man—than which no greater
praise can be spoken.

*"A commonplace life" we say and sigh;
But why should we sigh as we say?
The commonplace sun in the commonplace sky
Makes up the commonplace day—
The moon and the stars are the commonplace things
And the flower that blooms, and the bird that sings
But dark was the world, and sad our lot
If the flowers failed and the sun shone not;
And God, who studies each separate soul,
Out of commonplace lives makes his beautiful whole.*

—KINGSTON

JOHN WATT—PIONEER

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JOHN WATT—PIONEER

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ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The writer of this book wishes to render acknowledgment to Velma Watt Carnahan, Mary Watt Winkler, Ethel Watt Niekamp, William Bradshaw, and Thomas J. Dillingham for unusual and valuable assistance in furnishing information concerning early members of the family and early history which contribute very materially to the interest and authenticity of the subject matter, and to Oscar G. Watt for the financial assistance which has made possible the publication of *JOHN WATT, Pioneer*, in its present form.



FOREWORD

From the dawn of history man has manifested interest in his predecessors. During the last few years interest in the people who preceded us has attracted an increasing attention.

In early pioneer days little thought however was given to the recording of the life in the new land, many lacking the convenient mediums necessary for the transmission of information to those who came afterwards.

Each day draws a curtain over another period of time. I am endeavoring to lift some of these curtains for a brief glimpse at the men and women of yesterdays, that we as a family may know who and what manner of people were they who went before, and are responsible for our existence.

These pages record the coming, with his family to the southwestern part of Indiana, of one John Watt,—his children and their children, on down to the sixth generation—who they are and where they have gone, with a bit perhaps of what they do.

It is not to be expected to present here a full or complete record of all the members of all these families, but briefly, to collect and preserve such family traditions and the history of whatever family lines may come to the attention of the writer during the compilation of the story; with the hope that it may be of sufficient interest to encourage someone to take up the task wherever it may be left off. Very little has ever been preserved of the family records, and the present day members are scattered far and wide, are at times hard to locate, and it is somewhat difficult to interest many in supplying the needed information.

Only brief records are possible in many instances. Completeness or brevity of the various records have been determined by the amount of information that has been furnished. Many records would have been much fuller if those supplying the information had given a little more effort to the work. From some there was no response at all. Compiling these records at so great a distance from the scenes of the early family life has made it difficult to secure many items and other interesting facts would have come to light with further search.

To those who read may be enlarged the story of the times and of the lives of many, by remembering other closely related records herein.

The records of the early history of the family were obtained from various sources:—from county records, cemetery headstones, old newspaper clippings, partial records in the hands of various members of the family and from the memories of those who heard their parents and grandparents tell of the events during their lifetime—and thus come variations in details as to when and what may have happened.

Where there are contradictions in evidence that apparently have equal weight or where the weight of evidence prevails over some contradictory statements, the subject is left open or reasoning is applied in favor of the majority; where no evidence of fact is certain, family legend is the basis of record and is so stated.

No claim is made for absolute accuracy as those supplying the information may have erred in their statements or typographical errors may have slipped in, but as a whole these records may be considered of sufficient accuracy for all the usual requirements.

Listings are made numerically and by generations and in so far as is practical, according to priority of parentage, with the first member of the family in America being designated as number one. The numerical sequence of the family lines is indicated by Arabic figures while the sequence of the children of each individual family is denoted by Roman numerals. Members of the family who become heads of families are given separate listings in their due order. Those who never married or who left no children have their records completed under the headings of their parents. Some exceptions may occur. The Arabic numerals immediately following the subject names of members in the individual records lead back through the correct sequence of listing to the first American progenitor of the family.

A period of about five years having elapsed since the first records were obtained, there have been numerous changes. Many of these have been made, but there have been others of which no notification has been received, and so, have not been included herein. Space is provided for future records when available and as a matter of record, brief lineage tables of related families are given through various lines.

—FRANK HEDDEN WATT.

ANCIENT HISTORY OF A PEOPLE

The Celtic nations afford a striking example of a people whose great actions are involved in fables or lost in obscurity. They, though once the masters of Europe from the mouth of the Oby river in Russia to the western point of Galicia in Spain, are very little mentioned in history. They intrusted their fame to traditions and to the songs of their bards, which by the vicissitudes of human affairs are long since lost. Their ancient language is the only monument that remains and it serves to show the extent of their powers, but throws very little light on their history.

Of all the Celtic nations, that which occupied old Gaul is the most renowned, not on account of any superior worth over the others, but because of their wars with a people (Romans) who had historians to transmit the deeds of their enemies as well as their own to posterity. By the best authorities, Britain was first peopled by them. Its position in respect to Gaul makes it probable and the fact that the same customs and language prevailed in both countries at the time of Julius Caesar makes it a fact beyond dispute.

Occupying first that part of Britain lying next to Gaul, they spread northward into Scotland and some passing over from those parts of the country lying within sight of Ireland, became the founders of the Irish peoples. For many ages the languages and customs were the same and so closely connected are the adjacent coasts they might be considered as one country.

When the power of the Romans overcame South Britain the unconquered nations of the north were known as Caledonians. This name is composed of two Celtic words—Cael, signifying Celts or Gauls, and Don, a hill, so that Caledon or Caledonians—Celts of the Hill Country. The Highlanders to this day call themselves Caels and their language Caelic or Gaelic.

For a long time the people were under the sway of the Druids, but their power becoming unbearable they were finally overthrown and destroyed. One inferior order of the Druids known as the Bards did not share their bad fortune. Of superior intelligence and training they were spared because only through their songs and poems could immortality

to fame be hoped for. The Bards could form a perfect hero in their minds and ascribe that character to their chief. The chief flattered by his Bards and rivalled by his own heroes who imitated his character as described in the eulogies of his poets, endeavored to excel his people in merits as he was above them in station. This emulation continuing formed the character of the nation. In the process of time every chief had a Bard in his family, until the office became hereditary.

A generous spirit is warmed with noble actions and becomes ambitious of perpetuating them. When the Bards or poets found their themes inadequate to the warmth of their imaginations they glossed them over with fables of their own or furnished absurd traditions. They loved to place the founders of their families in the days of fables when poetry without fear of contradiction could give what character she pleased to her heroes. By the succession of Bards in a family, poems concerning the ancestors of the family were handed down from generation to generation and were repeated to the whole clan on solemn occasions. After the Bards were discontinued, a great number in a clan retained by memory or committed to writing their compositions and founded the antiquity of their families on the authority of their poems.

The western coast of Scotland is mountainous and barren, towards the east the country is a plain and suitable for tillage. The people of the hilly country lived by feeding cattle and hunting, those of the lowlands applied themselves to agriculture,—the raising of corn and wheat.

The true history of Scotland and Ireland dates from the fifth century or just after the introduction of Christianity into these countries. After the Romans left England in 426 the Scots moved their seat of government to the plains region and intermingled with the old inhabitants (Saxons) who remained and who taught them agriculture, as learned from the Roman conquerors. The Saxon language and manners gradually gained ground on the tongue and customs of the old Caledonians until at last the latter were relegated to the inhabitants of the mountains who were still unmixed with the strangers. Here among the inaccessible mountains and forgotten or neglected by the plains government, grew up the great clan system of the Highlands.

COAT-OF-ARMS

Coat-of-Arms are an essential part of one's genealogical records, as much so as the names of the ancestors who bore them. Armorial bearings are hereditary and American descendants of British and Continental families have the right to the use of the arms of their ancestors. It is a symbol of distinguished ancestors, who have handed down from generation to generation these emblems of family honor.

Heraldry may be traced back in a primitive form to the beginning of history. It had its counterpart in the totem poles of the American Indian, the Aztecs of Mexico carried shields bearing personal and tribal devices, the early Chinese, Japanese and Egyptian used comparable symbols, heroes of ancient Greece and Rome had hereditary designs on their shields and the Norman invaders of England of 1066 bore shields with crudely designed insignia.

Man's natural desire to enhance his personal appearance by ornamentation of his military equipment; the need among warriors, who covered their heads and bodies, of some identifying mark easily recognizable in the heat of battle; the need, in a day when few could write, of a seal with a clearly identifiable design to serve instead of a signature on official and private papers; these were the main reasons for the rise of heraldry. The name "coat-of-arms" came from the custom of embroidering the family device on the surcoat which was worn over the coat of mail.

The first peers of England were Normans who won their lands and titles by the sword and held them by the sword, but only those of royal descent. The English aristocracy came from Normandy with William later called the Conqueror. William awarded no titles to Englishmen, hence all English peers of the blood are descendants of the first five or six reigning monarchs of Normandy.

Heraldry was introduced into America by the first settlers, many of them younger sons of the nobility and gentry, who brought with them their hereditary coat of arms. Handed down from generation to generation armorial bearings were regarded as an emblem of family rather than of nationality, so when political ties were severed with England,

their use was continued on through the Revolution and the impression of their ancestral arms may be seen beside their signature on state documents and private papers of such high officials as Jay, Livingston, Adams and Washington.

Pride of ancestry is a fine trait contributing as it does to self-respect and stirring an ambition to live up to the family name and add new laurels to it. The thoughtful man takes pride in a long line of honorable descent.



There are several Coats-of-Arms for the name Watt, with variations, credited to Scotland. English families usually added the "s" to the spelling of the name. All those from Scotland are variations of the old base, a silver shield with an oak tree growing from the ground in leaf and with the hawk for a crest.

The Coat-of-Arms pictured here is recorded (without the crest) in "Scottish Arms, 1370-1678" by Stodart, as having been granted in 1629 to John Watt, member of Parliament from Edinburgh. Coats without a crest are of the greater antiquity, as crests were not granted until the 16th century.

THE NAME AND FAMILY OF WATT (s)

It is generally believed that all families bearing the name of Watt or Watts were of common origin at a remote period. The name is found on ancient records in many forms and is thought to have been derived from the nickname "Wat", meaning "son of Walter." The following variations are noted, Wates, Wathes, Watte, Wat, Wats, Watt and Watts with the last two forms most generally used in America today.

Families of this name were found at early dates in the counties of Edinburgh, Aberdeen and Orkney in Scotland. Hereford in Wales, Oxford, Somerset, Kent, Devon, Northampton, Worcester, Cumberland, Norfolk, Hartford, Buckingham and London and were for the most part of the landed gentry and yeomanry of Great Britain.

Some of the earliest records of the family are those of William Wates of Oxfordshire in the year of 1275, Johannes Watts of Worcestershire in 1379, and Jane Wates of London in 1598. Thomas Watt of Aberdeenshire in the early 17th century (1600) was the father of Thomas, John and James, the last being the father of James Watt, the great engineer, (born January 19, 1736, at Greenock, near Glasgow, and died August 19, 1819).

One of the first to emigrate to America was Richard Watt or Watts of Hartford, Connecticut before 1640. Rev. John Watts, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Duck) Watts and grandson of Gregory and Margaret Watts of County of Kent, England, came to America in 1685. Lawrence Watt was in New Haven in 1643; Thomas of Northumberland County, Virginia in 1651; Edward of Rappahannock County, Virginia, 1662; James of Marblehead in 1686; Samuel of Haverhill, 1677; Jeremiah of Salem in 1678, Samuel of Boston, 1680, was said to be a pirate.

The descendants of these with many others have left records and spread to practically every state in the Union and have aided much in the growth of the country their ancestors help found. They have been noted for their energy, ambition, integrity, piety, power of will, perseverance, patience, fortitude, resourcefulness, initiative, courage and leadership; virtues that have brought the family name down through the many generations until the present day.

ULSTER

Ulster, as North Ireland is commonly called to distinguish it from the Irish Free State, lies in about the same latitude as the southern end of the Hudson Bay, but due to the influence of the Gulf Stream it has a very temperate climate. It is swept by westerly winds causing an approximate summer and winter temperature range of 45 to 60 degrees, sometimes warmer, seldom colder. It has a great amount of rain from July through September.

The County of Antrim is not only one of the most picturesque but also one of the most prosperous. It is remarkable for being entirely surrounded by water; by the sea, Loch Neagh and the rivers Bann and Lagan, flowing from Loch Neagh to the north and to the east.

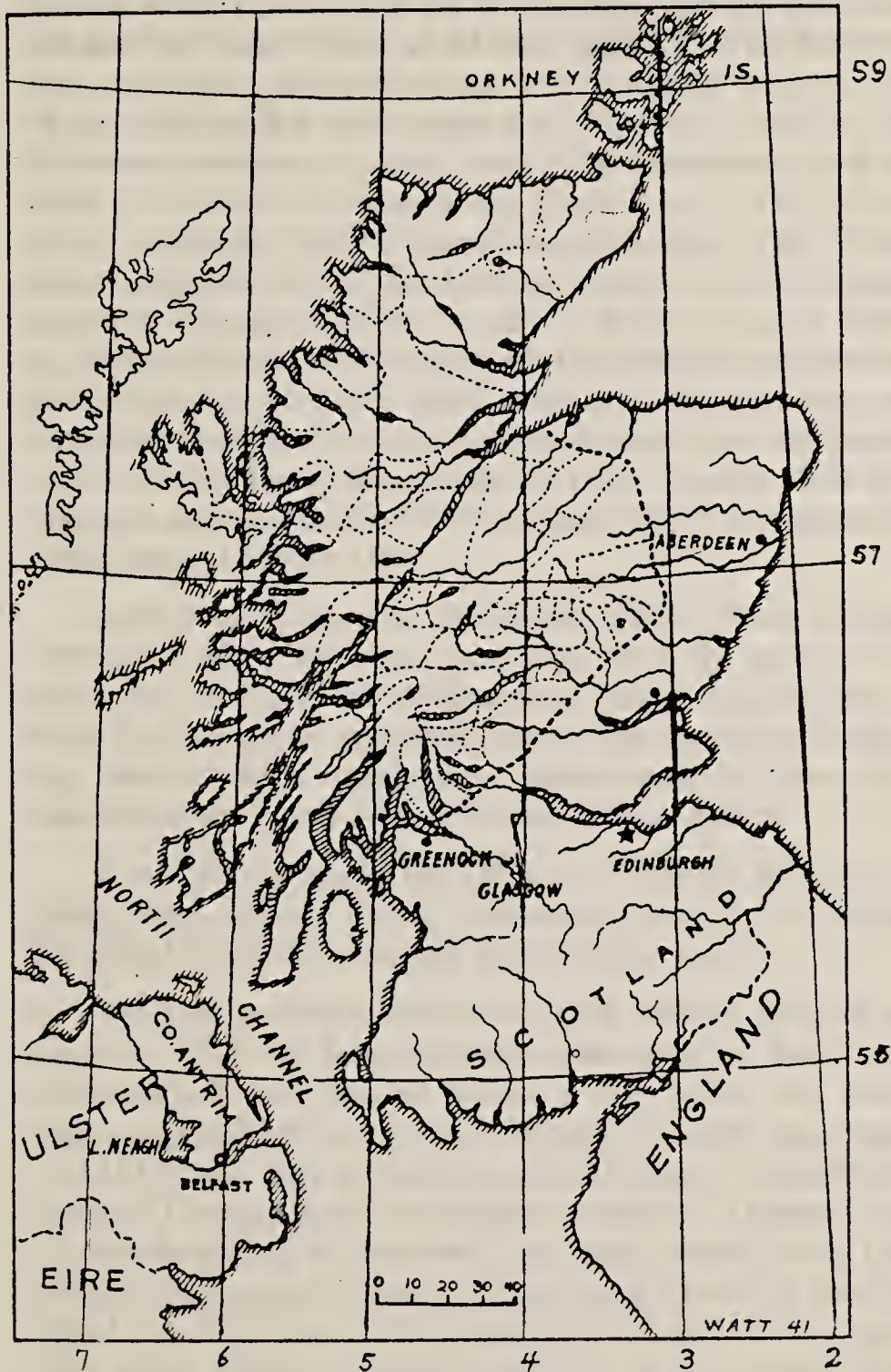
Aside from the Shamrock probably the one thing which typifies Ireland to the average person throughout the world is linen.

The ancient Egyptians made linen, but it was late in the 17th century that it gained a foothold in Ireland. Flax was grown there at an early date but it was not until 1685 Louis Cormelin, an exiled Frenchman during the reign of Louis XIV, brought over looms and introduced the spinning wheel. He started his work at Lisburn, a little town about eight miles from Belfast. By 1780 the linen industry was well started and in the next generation it had increased over 300 per cent. By 1820 practically every inhabitant of the four surrounding counties handled the product in one form or another; the farmer raising the flax along with his other produce, the women spinning it into yarn and both sexes taking a hand at weaving it into cloth in the earthen floor rooms of their little cottages. Mechanical methods were introduced about 1828.

Before this time Ulster hand loomed all its linen, now factories have sprung up and it is in only a few neighborhoods that hand looms still remain to the present day. These are mainly devoted to weaving table damask. The weaver kept her loom in a room with a dirt floor as the moisture from the dirt makes the yarn easier to handle.

When the green flax fields had turned to a greyish brown the farmer pulled the plant by hand and "snipped" or stripped off the seeds; the stalks were tied in bundles then "retted" or

soaked in ponds to loosen the wooden centers. When dry the stems were crushed without injury to the fibers and then finally the mass was "scutched," or the fibres were separated from the woody refuse and were ready for use.



SKETCH MAP OF SCOTLAND—ULSTER

EARLY DAYS IN INDIANA

That part of Indiana where John Watt chose his final home in the new world, lies in the southwestern part of the state, between the Ohio and the Wabash rivers. In early historic times nearly all the Wabash valley was inhabited by the Piankeshaw Indians; later as the tides of emigration pushed steadily westward the Wyandottes and the Shawnees occupied the country but at different periods. The Shawnees were wandering tribes from the Carolinas and were the last of the tribes to live in the county of Warrick in which John Watt was to settle at a later date. The Shawnees called the Ohio river Kis-ke-ha-la-se-pe or Eagle River. The Wyandottes called the river O-he-zuh-ye-an-de-wa. The United States acquired title to the land by treaty with the Indians signed at Vincennes on the 18 and 27 days of August, 1804, at which time the Delawares and Piankeshaws relinquished their claims to all lands lying south of a line running east from the mouth of White river to a point near the present site of the village of Branchville in Perry county. The land was not surveyed until 1805 and not placed on sale to the public until 1806 or 1807.

Little local history of the Indians exists. Most of them were gone when the white men came, with the exception of the small roving bands of Shawnees and it is from tales of these fleeting bands, described around the fireside to wondering youths whose imagination, drawn upon in later days, have filled the forests with wild and savage Indians.

The counties along the Ohio river contain evidences of having been occupied during prehistoric times. A few mounds are found along the river and along Pigeon creek.

The first settlement in what is now Warrick County was made in 1803 by John Sprinkle, who took up land where Newburgh is now located, about a year before the United States acquired title to the land. Warrick County was formed in 1813 and at first included also, all of Posey, Vanderburgh, Spencer, Perry and part of Crawford counties. Gibson County was designated at the same time and included also, Pike, Dubois, and parts of Martin, Orange and Crawford counties. The boundaries and division were defined as follows: beginning at the mouth of the Wabash river the line follows along its meanders up to the mouth of White river, thence up White

river along its meanders to the forks of the river, thence up the east fork of White river along its meanders to the line lying between sections 20 and 29, township 1 north of range 4 west, thence south to the line of Harrison county and along this line to the Ohio river and down the meanders of the Ohio to the point of beginning. This area was divided by a line beginning at the Wabash river, designated as Rectors Base Line, extending east to the Harrison County line. All land north of this line was designated as Gibson County, all south of it was Warrick County. Evansville was chosen as the county seat of Warrick and the city was laid out in July 1814 but in September Posey and Perry counties were formed from parts of Warrick county and a new county seat for Warrick was selected and named Darlington. It was on the Ohio river near Cypress Creek but its exact location is unknown today. The town was laid out in 1816. In 1817, Spencer and in 1818, Vanderberg counties were carved off of Warrick and again a new and more centrally located county seat was chosen at what is now Boonville. This was in March 1818 and this city has been the county seat ever since.

Newburgh at first took most of the trade of the county as there were no railroads and all goods had to be transported by wagon or on the river. When the Wabash and Erie canal was constructed it took a large portion of the trade to Evansville, the terminal point of the canal on the Ohio river. The canal extended from the Ohio river to Lake Erie but was never very successful. A short time after its completion railroads were built through that section of the country and it soon fell into disuse. It traversed Warrick County near its western boundary line. Many sections of the canal remain and are easily identified today, especially just west of Francisco in Gibson County and along the railroad south of Petersburg, in Pike County.

Up until 1820 there were only two land entries in the whole of what is now Greer township. Robert Cardwell took land in 1810 and Joseph Harned in 1818. From 1820 to 1830 only a small portion of the land was owned by the people who were living on it, but for the next 10 years Warrick County received its greatest migration and a large amount of land was purchased from the government. Greer township was formed in 1853 from parts of Hart and Campbell

townships. It contained 30 sections of land some of which were the best farming lands in the county.

Most of Warrick county is level or gently rolling and the soil is a rich alluvial deposit capable of producing large crops when properly tilled. Before the settlers came the land was nearly all covered with heavy timber and required the hard labor of the pioneers to get it under cultivation. Their first efforts were towards clearing of a small patch on which to raise the necessities of life and to the erection of a small log cabin for shelter.

Corn was prominent among the early products and formed an important part in the settlers daily bill of fare. Wild game was abundant in the forest wilderness; bears were present though in no very great numbers and there was an occasional wolf. Deer were plentiful up until 1850, as were wild turkey, otter, muskrat, coon and many varieties of smaller animals. Wild hogs roved the woods in some parts in search of forest fruits, being especially plentiful in Pigeon Creek bottoms where the flood waters deposited acorns and other nuts within easy access. Early settlers derived a good part of their meat supply from this source.

The settlers first used hand mills and hominy mortars (large stones hollowed out in which corn was pounded instead of ground, the pestle or hammer sometimes being fastened in the middle of a spring pole, one end of which was attached to a post with the operator at the other end) to crack or grind their corn. These were numerous by 1815. A horse mill was started at Millersburg in 1818. The first tread mill was started in 1815, one mile south of Chandler, and the first water mill on Cypress creek about 1818.

The first schools were of the subscription kind. The buildings were of logs and the furniture correspondingly crude, and were built by the labor of all the able bodied male persons of 21 years or more residing in a district. The penalty for failure to give this work was $37\frac{1}{2}$ cents a day for each day of failure. The houses were to be 8 feet between the floors and at least 1 foot between the ground and the first floor and were to be finished in a manner calculated to make both the teacher and the scholars comfortable.

As the seats were half of a small split log with holes bored and pegs inserted on the round side for legs, without backs to lean against, it is to be doubted that the instructions were carried out as to the pupils comfort. It may be however, their ideas of comfort differed from ours. Teachers' salaries seldom exceeded the costs of life's necessities and the terms were rarely of more than three months duration. In one instance a record was noted in which the teachers pay was \$8.00 per month, a part of which was taken out in grain. This was in the days of the greased paper windows.

Early pioneer schools, established and maintained without government help, were usually loud schools as the pupils were permitted to prepare their lessons out loud; with the privilege of repeating them as loud as they pleased, and it seemed he who could make the most noise did the best. Studies usually pursued were reading, writing, spelling and sometimes arithmetic. The pupil started studying as soon as he arrived and the first one to arrive was allowed to recite first.

Children and young folks had their pleasures and good times. Some danced and others had their "singing schools" and "spelling bees", at which prizes were given to the best spellers. These occasions were events of importance and were attended far and wide, going and coming on horseback or walking.

The average first house of the early pioneer consisted of a small single room pole or log cabin while the more pretentious boasted of two rooms or rather two separate cabins under one roof with a wide open airway or hall between.

The logs were notched at the corners, sometimes slightly flattened and the cracks were chinked with mud. The roof was made with pole rafters on which were placed clap boards, split as thin as possible, from logs $2\frac{1}{2}$ or 3 feet long and held in place by weight poles. Clap board doors hung on wooden hinges with the old proverbial latch string hanging outside denoting the hospitality of the times.

A large chimney in one end of the house, made of sticks about the size and weight of those used in making a picket fence and plastered over with mud in which straw was mixed to bind it together, provided a great fireplace reaching almost

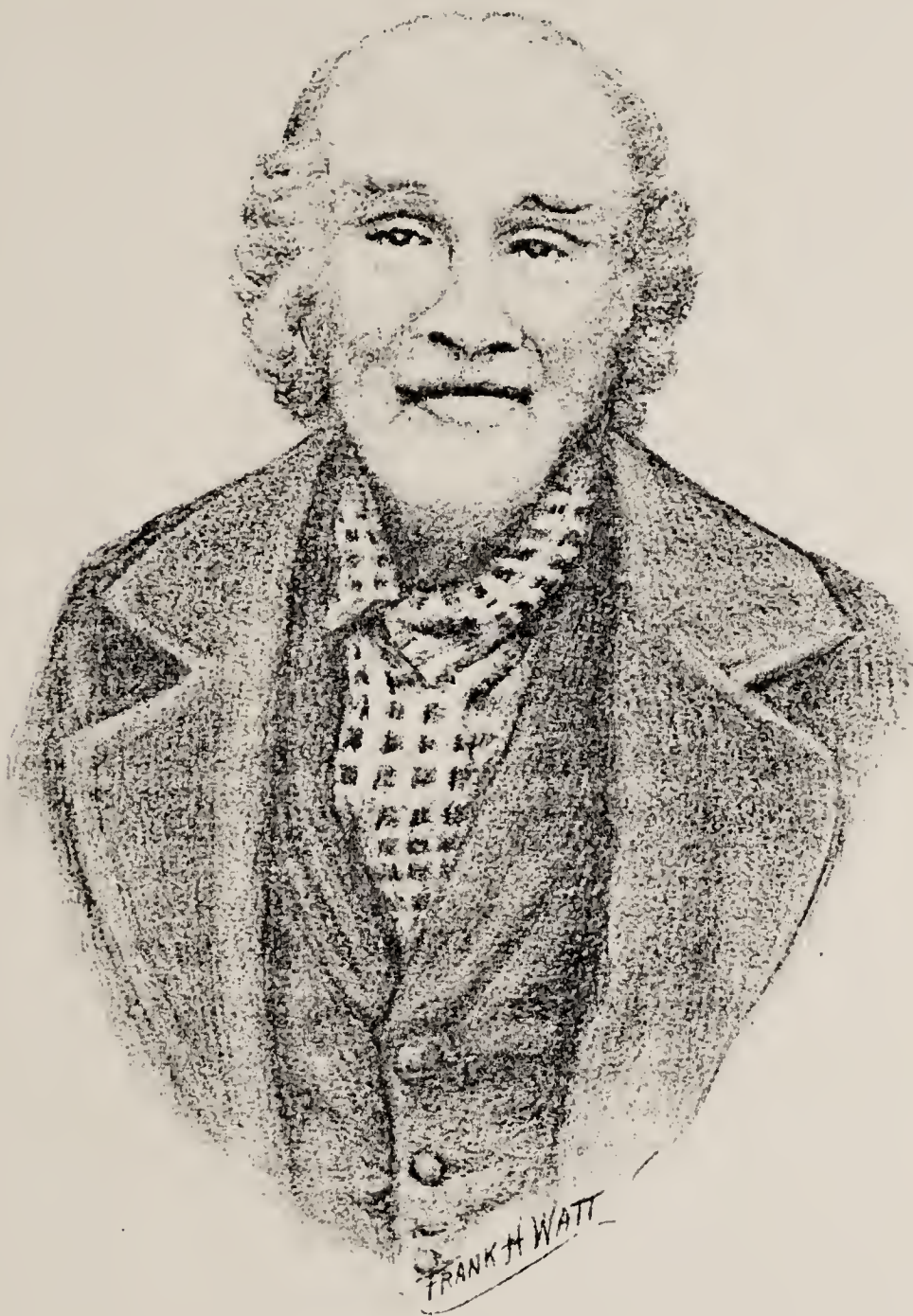
across one end of a room inside the cabin. Stones were used where ever procurable. All cooking was done at the fireplace as cook stoves were almost unheard of.

The floor of the cabin, if any but dirt, was made of split logs (puncheon) with the flat side up and hewn to make them as smooth as possible. Stools were made by splitting a log and placing wooden pegs on the rounded side for legs, no lean back being provided. Bedsteads were made in the corners by placing the ends of two poles in large auger holes in the logs of the walls, the other ends being placed in one upright log pole. Narrow strips of rawhide or ropes were corded or woven across and bedding was placed upon this. Tables were constructed in a somewhat similar manner as the beds, using boards for a top.

In those days the family was supplied with clothing made in the home and the living was made on the farm. This kept the children at home where their help was needed. Farms were well supplied with horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. Wool from the sheep was cleaned, spun into yarn and woven into cloth for making winter clothing for the entire family. A field of flax was raised to supply the family with summer clothing, bed linens and table linens. The family usually being large, made work for young and old. Fruits of many kinds were used and dried or made into butters and jams for winter use. Sweet cider was boiled to a syrup for sweetening as sugar was scarce and high in price. Soda was made by taking several clean white corn cobs and burning them to ashes. The woods and garden supplied them with medicine, pure and harmless.

The Baptists were the first religious group to organize in Greer township, holding their meetings in private homes. Union church near Lynnvile, was built about 1829. The first Presbyterian church was built in Newburgh in 1841 with members all over the county.

In those days, the good old days of the circuit rider, the preachers were paid in jeans, woolen socks and such other homely articles as were then in use. The women often went to church barefooted and when the services were held on week days the men carried their guns along to hunt on the way.



JOHN WATT, SR. 1798-1875

Drawing Made From An Old Tintype.

FIRST GENERATION

1

JOHN WATT, SR. was the first of his line to come to America. He was born in Scotland according to all family traditions, in 1798, but in what part or on what date and who his parents were, search thus far has not revealed*. The Watt family is and was numerous in that country, being an especially common name in the lowlands and also well known in the highlands. By a process of elimination and comparison, but without positive proof, the line seems to connect with one Thomas Watt who was born in Aberdeen about 1640-42 and who later lived at Crawford Dyke, in the Parish of Greenock, some 20 miles from Glasgow.

John moved as a young man to North Ireland prior to 1823, living near Belfast, County of Antrim. He was a weaver by trade and combined the trade with small time farming, as a great many at that time did.

When or where he met the Irish girl, Elizabeth Woodburn, born December 9, 1803, and the date of their marriage is not known. Their first child, Margaret Ann was born in 1823, William was born in 1827 and John, Jr. in 1829.

It was shortly after the birth of their third child that the crossing was made to America, he being about nine months old at the time of their landing. What impelled the family to leave Belfast and risk a dangerous trip across a strange ocean to an unknown wilderness we do not know. It may have been to seek greater freedom in religious worship; it may have been a period of much unemployment due to the introduction of mechanical processes into the weaving industry; it may have been the needs of a growing family on a small inadequate plot of ground, or it may have been the urge of a pioneer spirit who saw a greater future beyond the distant horizon in a land far away whence came tales of wonderful opportunities. Whatever the urge the venture was made.

An ocean voyage in those days was a long, tedious and frequently dangerous undertaking. The trip was made from the port of Belfast by sailing vessel and they were nine weeks

*Correspondence that had been started with members of the Watt family in Scotland prior to September 1939 were interrupted by the outbreak of the war. What the future holds as to the tracing of family history in that country cannot at this time be predicated.

in making the crossing. Dependent entirely upon the wind and skill of the Captain they were some days forced backwards almost as far as they had come the day before. The landing was made at Charleston, South Carolina.

They had embarked at Belfast with a number of large chests all filled with fine linens; bed sheets, bed covers, pillow cases, table linens and many other articles, and were thus well supplied with necessities to make the start in the new home, but at landing in Charleston none of the chests were to be found and nobody knew what had become of them. Almost a year later the chests put in their appearance from out of mystic space, but alas all of those fine linens were ruined, eaten up by the salty water they had somewhere been exposed to.

We do not know why the city of Charleston was chosen as a landing place except perhaps as that city was a prominent milling town at the time (weaving), there would be better expectations of securing employment at the weaving trade. It is not known whether the loss of all of their goods forced a temporary stopover at Charleston or whether their plans originally carried only that far, but the next eight years were spent in South Carolina. Part or all of the time was spent in or near Charleston as this was the birthplace of David and presumably also that of Samuel, though by the customs of the times any location within fifty miles of a known place was given as being of or at the known place. One source of information states that the family resided on a farm and the custom of the times just mentioned would reconcile the two statements. Another account mentions their landing in the Chester region or district, but as this is many miles inland they perhaps only passed through this district later, on their way to Indiana. Other than this no information of the life of the family in South Carolina has come down to present day knowledge.

No records remain nor does memory of any one living today recall any mention having been made that any brothers or sisters came to America with the family or of any remaining in the old country, though from the customary size of families in those days one would assume there were other brothers and sisters in the family.

The present generations cannot know or understand the inconveniences nor the slow and labored journies the early pioneers had to make to go from place to place; often to pick their way over vast country expanses and find a road as best they could, where we go 600 miles a day in an automobile and span the entire continent in an airplane.

Some went on horseback, carrying only a blanket, pot and skillet, sack of flour, a little salt, coffee and bacon, depending on the game they could kill along the way. Those who had wagons usually carried camp outfits and pitched tents for the women and children—fording creeks and rivers, making their way through brush and briar, timber and plains of the uninhabited country. The wagons, without springs jerked and jolted at every step the oxen took. Every outfit had to carry enough grub with what they could pick up along the way and camping equipment to keep them until they reached the country of their new home. Farm stock when taken along was driven behind the wagons.

In company with some neighbors (Martins), the family left South Carolina for Indiana by road wagon in December 1837 and reached Warrick County about the first of March, 1838. The records show that on March 19, 1838, John Watt bought from the United States Government the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of section 1, township 4 south, range 9 west, consisting of 168.7 acres. The abstract does not state whether this was prairie or timber land nor the purchase price, which however is thought to have been one dollar an acre. All the Southern part of western Indiana was in heavy timber at the time and a large tract on the William Watt land still remains today.

All this land is underlain by coal deposits which are being extensively mined over the area lying between Oakland City and the Ohio and Wabash rivers. None of the family, however, have benefited financially from it.

Only information of a general nature on conditions of the times tell us how rigorous were the first years. How many of the comforts of civilization they were able to bring into the wilderness we do not know, but it would seem the days were not too hard as the country was partially settled and the family grew and prospered.

The new village of Princeton was less than 20 miles away, Evansville only a little more. The latter was their largest source of supply and market and being on the Ohio river was on the direct shipping route between the east and the western wilderness. Oakland City had not as yet been founded.

The John Watts were Sabbath-keeping, psalm-singing Christians, who walked to church so the horses would not have to work on the Sabbath and, denominationally, belonged to the United Presbyterian Church.

John died in the Indiana home October 3, 1875, Elizabeth having preceded him June 22, 1866. Both are buried in Eden Cemetery. On his marker is engraved:

A loving father
A husband dear
A faithful friend
Lies buried here

To John and Elizabeth Watt were born ten children, three in Ireland, three in South Carolina and four in the new Indiana home. Of these children, six grew up and raised families whose children are living today, two died before maturity and two left no issue. These present day people are scattered almost to all the four borderlands of the nation and have borne their part in the development of the adopted land of John Watt, though he never became a naturalized citizen of the country he chose. All the children of John and Elizabeth are buried at Eden except James Spencer.



A g. g. granddaughter, Helen Watt, represents the sixth generation that has lived on the John Watt farm.

CHILDREN

- 2 i Margaret Ann, b. Belfast, Ireland, Mar. 24, 1824.
- 3 ii William, b. Belfast, Jan. 27, 1827.
- 4 iii John Jr. b. Belfast, 1829.
- 5 iv Samuel, b. Charleston, S. C.
- 6 vi David, b. Charleston, S. C. May 7, 1837.
- 7 vii Nancy, b. Greer Twp. Warrick Co. Ind. May 18, 1839.
d. Nov. 2, 1873. m. Thomas Brady White, b. in
Pennsylvania, Oct. 4, 1849, d. near Boonville, Ind.
Feb. 6, 1935. bur. Midway Cem. He m. (2) Mar.
30, 1875, Kate Tooley. 2 children.

CHILD

- 37 I Nancy Elizabeth White, b. Oct. 28, 1873, d.
July 26, 1874.
- 8 viii Robert, b. Greer Twp. April 15, 1842.
- 9 ix Thomas, b. Greer Twp. July 28, 1846. d. July 29, 1855.
- 10 x James Spencer, b. Greer Twp. April 15, 1848.
- 11 v Ellen. Neither date of birth nor of death is known, but
she is buried in Eden. One or two informers state that
three children were born in South Carolina. Of these
Samuel and David are known. If Ellen was born in
S. C. she would have been either the fourth or fifth
child as the date of Samuel's birth is also unknown.



SECOND GENERATION

As the children of John Watt grew up, married and established their own homes, in due time, there was gradually built up a close family community center near the old home, a family group from which none of them ever departed except the youngest, James Spencer, who, becoming restless, moved on westward near the close of the century.

A grist, flour, and saw mill was founded as a family venture. William had his smithy nearby, with a small general store, where the community could get the few needed articles they could not grow or make for themselves, to keep it company. John, Jr. made the furniture and implements in his woodshop and framed many of the buildings of the community. When the need arose they built a school house for their own children and for others who came among them.

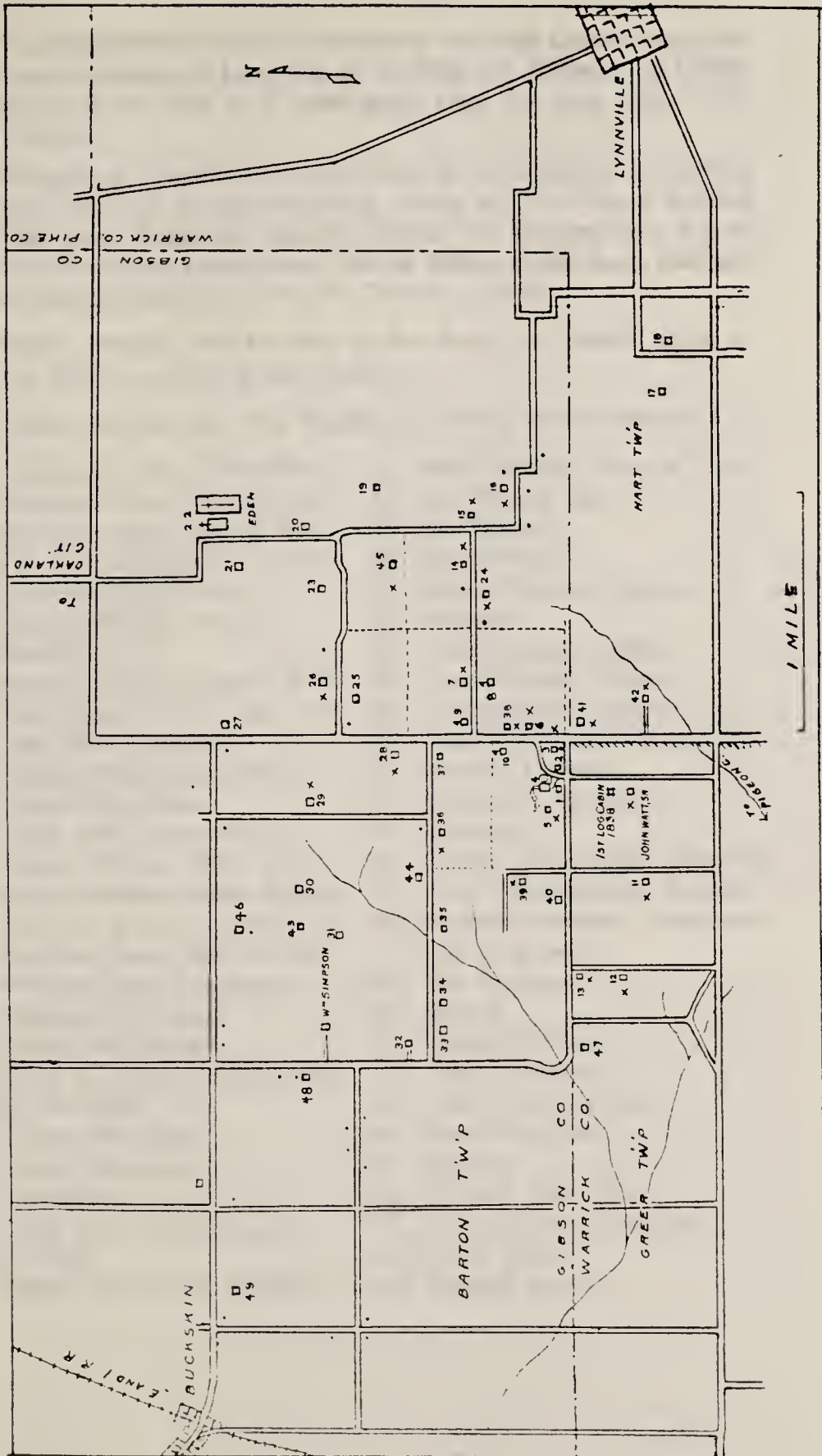
They of the first generation made their way from place to place by the ox team, on horseback or afoot through the wilderness trails and where there were no trails, they forged their way. Except for their migrations to new lands and new homes they moved about very little.

The second generation multiplied and with better methods of travel by improved roads and by train ventured farther afield.

Money, or the lack of it, was still unimportant. They raised their own food, grew the wool and flax, wove the cloth and made all their own clothes. Helping one another, they built and furnished their own homes from the timbers off their own woodlots. They were a free and independent group, self sufficient, and asking little of anyone, were content to live their own lives in their own way.



SKETCH MAP OF WATT. COMMUNITY



KEY TO MAP OF THE WATT COMMUNITY

This map shows the physical location of the Watt Community in relation to the villages of Lynnvile in Warrick and Buckskin in Gibson Counties. Oakland City is 7 miles north from the cross roads above Eden Church.

The homes of the children of John Watt, Sr. in relation to one another are given. Some of the first neighbors, dating back for over a hundred years, and some of the later ones are shown. All locations may not be exact but are at least approximate. All are shown on the latest road and cultural maps of Gibson and Warrick Counties (1940).

William Simpson was the first of that family, so closely related to the Watt family, to settle in the community.

Children attended the Watt School from homes marked with an x.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Home and store of Wm. Watt | 23. Hugh Simpson, bro. of Wm. |
| 2. Blacksmith shop of William | 24. Ray Bogard farm |
| 3. Home of James Spencer Watt | 25. Bill Wallace |
| 4. The Watt Mill and mill pond | 26. Henry Willis |
| 5. Home of David Watt | 27. Henry Flavert, German |
| 6. Home and farm of John Watt, Jr. | 28. Gibbons |
| 7. Home & farm of Samuel Watt | 29. John Spicker, German |
| 8. First school house. Log. on John Watt, Jr. farm | 30. Ernest Flavert, German |
| 9. Second school house. On Samuel Watt farm | 31. C. Claymeyer, German |
| 10. Third and fourth school houses. William Watt farm | 32. John P. Simpson, son of Wm. |
| 11. Robert Bradshaw home & farm | 33. Schultz, German |
| 12. Gwaltney home and farm | 34. Oestrecher, German |
| 13. Gwaltney home after his death | 35. Killpatrick |
| 14. William "Bill" Bradshaw | 36. "Billy" Featherstone, England |
| 15. William McCullough | 37. "Bob" Featherstone, England |
| 16. Frank McCullough | 38. Andrew Carnahan. Verne and Roy born here |
| 17. Henry G. Watt, where Frank H. was born | 39. Bill Robinson |
| 18. George Hill farm | 40. Walton |
| 19. George McCullough | 41. George Harbison |
| 20. Ves Wallace | 42. Tom Pilkington |
| 21. James Harve Simpson. Son of Hugh | 43. John Fritz, German |
| 22. Eden Church and Cemetery | 44. Mary Ann Kirk |
| | 45. Osborne |
| | 46. William John Watt |
| | 47. James Spencer Watt farm |
| | 48. Louis Bugg |
| | 49. Mayhall farm |

EDEN CHURCH

The first Eden Church was a small log structure and was located on the same location as all the later buildings. It was built by John Watt, Sr. and William Simpson, with the aid of their neighbor helpers of the first generation of pioneer settlers of the community. In the adjoining cemetery the children and many of the grandchildren of John Watt now lie buried. The date of the erection of the first building is not now known.



SECOND BUILDING

The second church building was a large frame structure, a United Presbyterian congregation of the second generation. It is not known at just what time this building was erected but it was in use until 1912, at which time the third church house was built and dedicated as a Union Church for the neighborhood. This building survived until 1938 when it was destroyed during a violent windstorm late in the year. It had not been in use for a number of years and had fallen into such a state of ruin as to be useless as a place of worship.

It had been hoped for a long time that funds for its restoration might become available as the building had been one of the most prominent landmarks of the community for many years. It stood on the top of a hill in a small grove of trees and was visible for many miles in nearly all directions.

Records of Eden Church are incomplete but from these records and the memories of those living the following names are of those who served the church, either as regular or as supply pastors throughout most of the life of the church congregation.

1875 Rev. John Gilmore
 1876 Rev. W. Wright
 1877-80 Rev. W. G. Spencer
 1880-84 _____

1884-90 Rev. A. S. Montgomery
 1890-92 Rev. O. G. Brocket and
 Rev. A. B. Coleman served as
 supplys

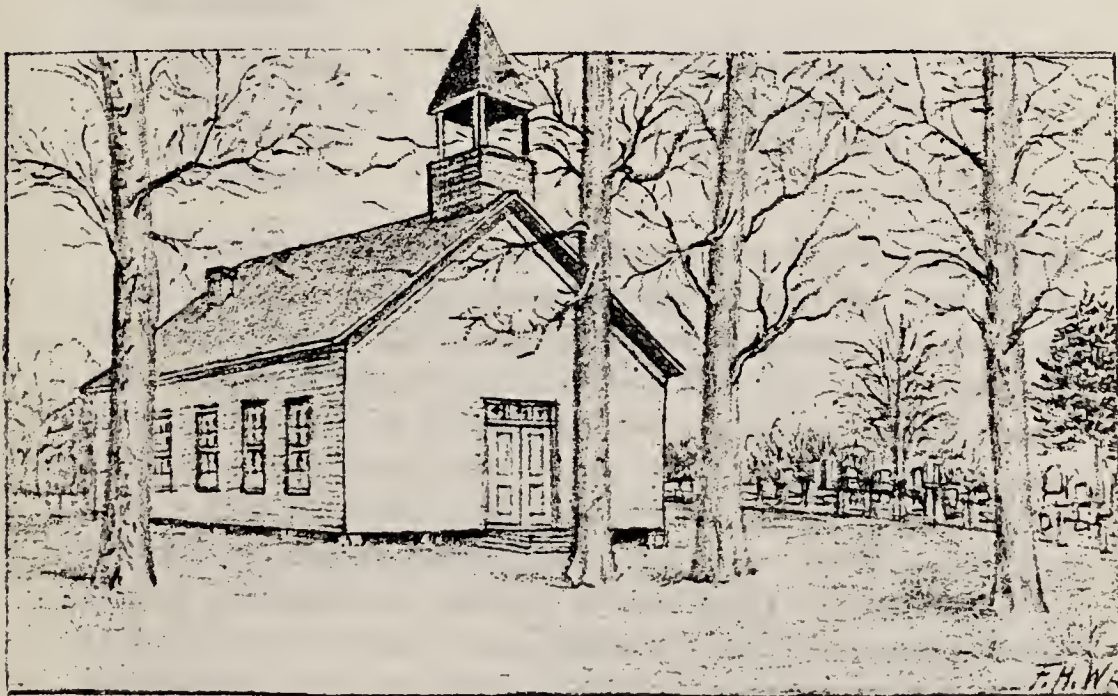
1892 Rev. R. C. Criswell preached
 three months and was called by
 death, after which the following

served as supplys:

Rev. James Ingle
 Rev. A. B. Coleman
 Rev. J. C. McKnight
 Rev. A. S. Montgomery
 Rev. A. B. McCarrol
 Rev. J. W. Hunter
 Rev. James McCrea
 Rev. J. C. Pinkerton
 Rev. J. D. Palmer

1900-05 Rev. David A. McClung

From 1905 on no information is at hand as to whether the church had any ministers or not and eventually the members transferred to the Somerville church.



Built 1912 THIRD BUILDING Destroyed in 1938

THE WATT SCHOOL

The first public school building erected in the Watt neighborhood was a log structure and was located on the John Watt, Jr. farm directly across the road from the home of Samuel Watt. It was built about the year of 1860. Memories are uncertain and no records have been found as to who were the teachers and at what dates they served the school, but in associating with other events the following list is given as being those who taught in the first schoolhouse.

Martin Vanada
Nan Bugg
Fanny Watt, 1867

Mollie Harbison, 1868
George Gore
Others (?)

The second building was constructed in or about 1873. It was a frame building and was located on the Samuel Watt farm, across the road from the first building, but a short distance west at the junction of the roads. It has been as difficult to learn the names and the dates of the teachers during the period of the second building. No attempt is made to list them in the order of their tenure nor is the list known to be complete.

Sue Jameson
Sam McCullough
Kate Stillwell
Sue Meade

Will McConnell
Kate Clinton
Nan Watt, 1884

The third building was constructed on the William Watt place, half way between the road junction and the John Watt, Jr. home, but on the opposite side of the road. It is believed that this structure was erected in 1885, and it remained in use until replaced by the present building on the same location. This newest building was erected in 1911 by Victor Lemme, who at that time was school trustee for Barton Township in which it is located. This house was in use both as a school and as a community Sabbath School until the fall of 1936, at which time it was abandoned for school purposes and the pupils from the community were transported by bus to the Buckskin schools. Many of the descendants of John Watt have attended the Watt school down through the years, and a number have served the school as teachers. Among these are numbered some 31 grandchildren, 26 great-grandchildren and 22 great-great-grandchildren, a total of 79.

The teachers for many of the later years and the time of their service are available from official records (1915 to 1936 inclusive).

Anna Jameson
Mary Woodburn
Hattie Williams (2)
Lydia Watt (2)
Rhoda Martin
Jim McGregor (2)
Nora McGregor
Nettie McGregor (2)
Schuyler Mauk
Otis Mayhall
Jacob Riebold
Fred Nickamp, 1893-4
John Fulling, 1894-5
F. C. McCullough, 1895-6
Luther McGregor, 1896-7
F. C. McCullough, 1897-8
Victor Lemme, 1898-9
F. C. McCullough, 1899-1900
Gaston Willis, 1900-2
A. L. Kohlmier, 1902-3
Alvin Null, 1903-4

James Miller, 1904-6
F. C. McCuliough, 1906-10
Irene Seats, 1915-6
B. C. Gwaltney, 1916-7
Jessie Pead, 1917-8
Bowlin Winkler, 1918-9
Gilbert Buck, 1919-20
Leo J. Baker, 1920-1
Edwin Ohning, 1922-3
Dollie Hebbeler, 1923-4
Viola Englehardt, 1924-6
Jessie E. Peed, 1926-27
Viola Englehardt, 1927-8
Dollie Hebbeler, 1928-9
Bertha Fulling, 1929-30
Raymond Pflug, 1930-1
Elsie Weisheit, 1931-2
Raymond Pflug, 1932-3
Gilbert Buck, 1933-4
Jessie Pesed, 1934-5
Gilbert Buck, 1935-6



WATT SCHOOL NO. 3, 1898

PUPILS OF WATT SCHOOL, 1896-97



FRONT ROW, Left to Right

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. _____ Foster | 6. Gertie Martin |
| 2. _____ Foster | 7. Mary Watt |
| 3. Georgie Ragnar | 8. _____ Ringham |
| 4. Russell Bradshaw* | 9. _____ Ringham |
| 5. Millie Willis | 10. _____ Ringham |

SECOND ROW

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Arthur Leonard Watt | 5. Hollie Willis |
| 2. Tommie Featherstone | 6. Nona Gwaltney |
| 3. Frank H. Watt | 7. Gussie Pilkington |
| 4. Guy Gwaltney* | |

THIRD ROW

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Seward Gwaltney* | 5. Zet Willis |
| 2. Clarence Gwaltney* | 6. Margaret Watt |
| 3. Walter Watt | 7. Alma McCullough* |
| 4. Wilbur Martin | |

STANDING

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Irene Willis | 10. Rosa Robinson |
| 2. Luther McGregor, <i>Teacher</i> | 11. Unidentified |
| 3. Isaac Robinson | 12. Lorena Willis (over boy's
shoulder) |
| 4. Oscar Watt | 13. Ozella McKinney |
| 5. Ethel Watt | 14. Elmer Gwaltney |
| 6. Stanley Watt | 15. _____ Kroeger |
| 7. Billie McKinney | 16. Minnie Watt, stand. in door |
| 8. Nettie Gwaltney | 17. Carrie Watt, stand. in door |
| 9. Charlie Harbison | |

*Member of Watt Family.

2



MARGARET ANN WATT, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Woodburn) Watt, was born near Belfast, Ireland, March 24, 1824. She was 5 years old when the family came to America. She learned the art of weaving from her father and made all kinds of clothing, blankets, table and bed linens and many other articles, as long as she was able. She married Robert Bradshaw, born in North Carolina, place unknown, August 22, 1819, died August 9th (or 11th), 1889. He came to Warrick Co. with his parents. October 6, 1836, Robert purchased 42.05 acres of land from the government in the W $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec 1, T 4 S, R 9 W, and January 30, 1850, another like tract adjoining. This land adjoined the Watt farm on the west and here they lived out their lives and here all their children were born. Margaret Ann died August 2, 1896, and both are buried in Eden Cemetery. She loved to sing Isaiah hymns, and told her children stories of their rocky little farm near Belfast. They had to pick the rocks off the ground each year before they could tend it, and they used the rocks to build walls or rock fences. They would go to the pine woods and gather large knots to burn at night to read by.

CHILDREN

- | | |
|--------|---|
| 12 i | Thomas C. Bradshaw, b. Aug. 13, 1849. d. when a baby. |
| 13 ii | Elizabeth Jane Bradshaw, b. Aug. 12, 1851. |
| 14 iii | George C. Bradshaw, b. Dec. 30, 1853. |
| 15 iv | Hannah Ann Bradshaw, b. Jan. 31, 1857. |
| 16 v | Margaret Ellen Bradshaw, b. June 27, 1859. |
| 17 vi | William Bradshaw, b. April 10, 1861. |
| 18 vii | Robert Emmet Bradshaw, b. July 6, 1865. |

3



WILLIAM WATT, son of John and Elizabeth (Woodburn) Watt, was born near Belfast, Ireland, January 27, 1827, and was about three years old when the family came to America. William became the "Smithy" of the Watt community and had his shop close by the mill in which he was a partner. He also ran the general store for many years and his widow continued it until her death. William had the most extensive land holdings of the family, of which a large timber tract is standing to the present time. William had no children, marrying late in life, October 7, 1873, Mrs. Mary Miller, a widow with three sons and four daughters: Brad, Sol, Peter, Cassie (Kifer), Susan (Watt), Ann Eliza (Pilkington), Corinth (Featherstone). She was born May 23, 1827, and died December 7, 1912. William died August 17, 1893, and all his property went to his widow and her heirs.

4



JOHN WATT, Jr., son of John and Elizabeth (Woodburn) Watt, was born near Belfast, County Antrim, Ireland, in the year 1829, and was nine months old when the family landed in Charleston, South Carolina, later in the same year. Removing to Indiana when about nine years old, his early life was the normal life of the frontier boy of the times and he also learned the carpenter and wagonmakers trades.

He married, November 4, 1858, Sarah Ann Simpson, and clearing a place on 105 acres of woodland purchased from the government, built a small log house with dirt chimney and puncheon (hewn log) floor. Poles were placed in the

1990

walls to make tables and beds. Cooking was done at the fireplace, baking biscuits in what was called a "Dutch Oven". This was a large, deep, iron skillet with 3 legs about two and a half inches long and with a heavy iron lid. It was placed on the stone hearth and redhot coals of fire were placed underneath it, with more coals piled on top of the lid. An iron bar was built into the fireplace from which a pot was suspended on a hook for boiling vegetables and meats. In this house Agnes J. and William John were born. 2038083

As time and finances permitted, a frame house was built and added to from time to time. In it the rest of the family of eleven children were born. Henry Graves being the first.

Clearing ground, raising produce, shearing sheep, carding wool, spinning thread, weaving cloth, knitting hoisery, and many other activities, made up the early life of the family. As a carpenter and woodworker, John, Jr. planned and framed many of the buildings of the community, among them the Watt Grist and Flour Mills, one of the early land marks of the country. He built a woodworking shop adjacent to his home and constructed furniture, wagons and many farm implements, making the first machine for mortising wagon wheel hubs in the country.

The family attended services regularly whenever it was possible, through most of the years at Eden Church. The children attended the Watt school, at first a log house on the John Watt, Jr. farm, later a frame building on the Samuel Watt farm and again, later, on the William Watt land.

Sarah Ann Simpson was born in Gibson County, Indiana, September 26, 1843, the eighth child of William and Jane () Simpson, who had come to a neighboring farm from South Carolina a few years before the arrival of the John Watt family.

John, Jr. died May 5, 1891, at the age of 62, Sarah Ann, January 18, 1899, just a few months after moving to Oakland City, at the age of 55. She had lived in the old home for 41 years, having been just 15 years old at the time of her marriage.

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CHILDREN

19 i	Agnes Jane, b. Sept. 11, 1859.
20 ii	William John, b. May 25, 1861.
21 iii	Henry Graves, b. July 30, 1863.
22 iv	Mary Elizabeth, b. March 3, 1866.
23 v	Martha Velma, b. May 7, 1868.
24 vi	Margaret Alice, b. June 26, 1871.
25 vii	Robert Milton, b. Oct. 14, 1873, d. July 19, 1875.
26 viii	Katy Clarmont, b. Feb. 21, 1876. d. Oct. 6, 1877.
27 ix	Ethel Natella, b. Sept. 19, 1878.
28 x	Oscar Guthrie, b. April 4, 1881.
29 xi	Walter Scott, b. July 3, 1884.

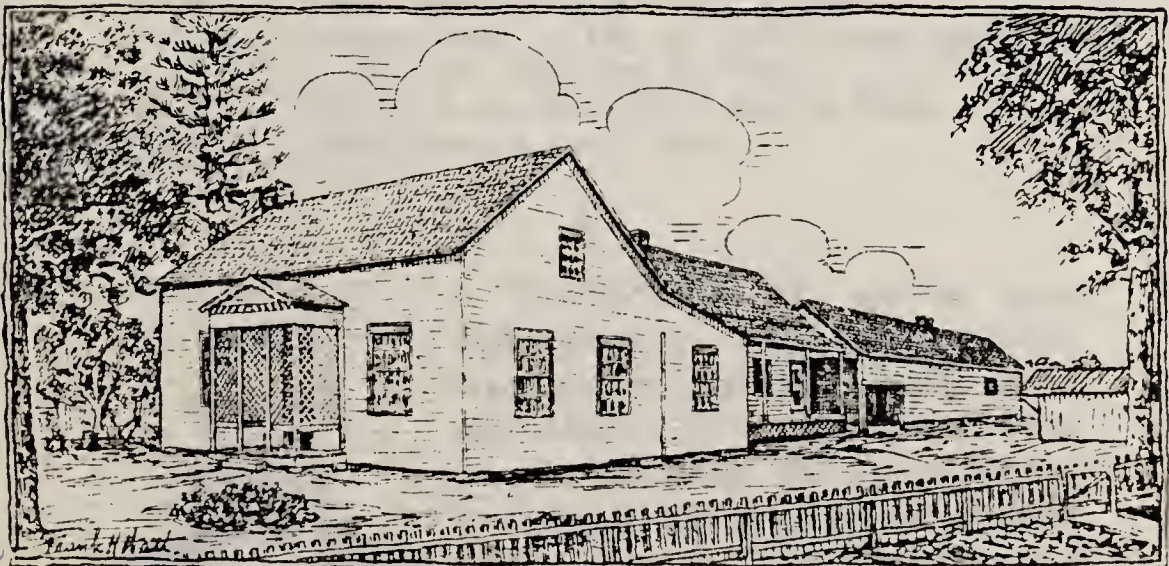


HOME OF JOHN WATT, JR.—1898

The old frame home of John Watt, Jr., is standing to-day, though gone are the woodshop and the smokehouse, while a new front porch has replaced the old one. Gone also is the great pine tree that shaded the old porch for many years. As the house stood on high ground this tall tree could be seen from a long distance to the north and the east. Several other pines and maples kept the old pine company and shaded the yard around the house. The house faced the west and the virgin timber tract on the William Watt land, standing in part today, was just across the road. One feature of the house was the Bee room in the attic with a slot through the south wall for the coming and going of the bees. A small door for entrance to the Bee room, to remove the honey, opened into an attic room. A very narrow stairway with steps 12" high led upward to this attic, finished to provide two sleeping rooms.

In the wood shop were the benches and lathes, the loom for weaving, and the cider mill. The latter was placed in the open shed between the shop and the house during the summer months and the shop was used as a kitchen during these months for many years or until the original house was enlarged to provide for a growing family.

On the north side of the shop was the woodash hopper for making lye to be used in the manufacture of soap. On the south side of the shop stood the smokehouse where meats were cured by smoking over slow burning fires. Hickory log saw dust from the old Watt Mill was the fuel used for these fires. Between the house and the barn lot to the south was the large garden plat. In the barn lot was the barn, with its colony of pigeons, and the granary for storing wheat and other grains, and bordering the road side of the lot was a long row of black walnut trees. Buried in the wheat bins, watermelons would keep fresh through the hot summer months, and placed in piles with a covering of straw and a thick layer of earth, potatoes, turnips and apples kept nicely through the frozen winter months. North of the house, on the slope of the hill, was the orchard, mostly apple trees, with some peaches, pears and quince. Of fond memories to the writer, who spent two years as a small lad on the old place, is the "Horse Apple" tree with its mealy yellow fruit that stood near the house. Beyond the orchard was a pond and a meadow, and a little further on, and across the road, stood the old Watt schoolhouse.



5



SAMUEL WATT, son of John and Elizabeth (Woodburn) Watt, was born in South Carolina, at or near the city of Charleston. The only record found of his birth date was in a prayer book of Elizabeth Wilson Watt, which gave June 16, 1811. This is in error at least as to the year. Came to Indiana with parents in 1837. He was married (1) at Princeton, Ind., August 12, 1857, to Elizabeth Wilson by the Rev. John L. Craig of the A. R. Presbyterian Church. She was born December 7, 1829, died of typhoid fever August 1, 1886, and was a cousin on grandmother Watt's side of the family (Woodburn). Samuel married (2) Rebecca Hale. The license was issued September 7, 1887, and they were married by Wm. D. Ferguson. Samuel died in the summer of 1888 (?) but there is no marker for his grave at Eden.

CHILDREN

30 i Elizabeth Ann, b. June 20, 1858. m. J. B. Wilson.

CHILD

- 97 Infant Wilson, died at birth, with mother.
 31 ii Samuel Thomas, b. Sept. 27, 1860.
 32 iii Robert James, b. Dec. 23, 1861. d. 1887.
 33 iv William Davis, b. Jan. 18, 1864. Never married. d. Evansville, Ind., Sept. 30, 1934.
 34 v John W. b. Dec. 26, 1865. d. May 22, 1866.
 35 vi George Henry, b. Jan. 8, 1867.

6



DAVID WATT, son of John and Elizabeth (Woodburn) Watt, was born at Charleston, South Carolina, May 7, 1837. He was about five months old when the family moved to Indiana. David spent his boyhood on the farm, helping his father and helping his brother, William, at the blacksmith shop. After the Watt

Milling Co. was organized David served as engineer for over 35 years. "Uncle Dave" was always at his post, a model husband and a kind father, strictly honest in his dealings with his fellow men—a friend to all.

April 7, 1865, David married Susan Miller. The ceremony was performed by Rev. James A. Rough. One record gave the date as April 11, 1867, but the 1865 date has been taken from the Warrick County marriage license records. Susan was a daughter of Mrs. Mary Miller, who married David's brother, William. She was born January 12, 1848, and died April 11, 1914, less than a month after the death of David on March 3. (Her gravestone gave her birth as 1846 and death as 1914).

CHILD

36 i Mary C., b. Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., Feb. 17,
1871.

8



ROBERT WATT, son of John and Elizabeth (Woodburn) Watt, was born in Warrick County, Indiana, April 15, 1842. He was commonly known as "Uncle Bob". Although he never had but one home, having lived and died, June 30, 1916, on the farm where he was born, he was widely known, being associated with his brothers in the Watt Milling Company, which did a flourishing business and was a community center for over 35 years. A hard working, industrious man, honest in his dealings with his fellow man, always ready to suffer wrong rather than do wrong to others. He joined the United Presbyterian Church, December 22, 1891, and was faithful in attendance while his health permitted. Through the long and painful illness preceding his death uttered no word of complaint. In 1871 he married Anna M. Woodworth, born December 25, died November 10, 1891. Both are buried at Eden.

CHILDREN

- 38 i Emma Elizabeth, b. Dec. 31, 1871. d. at Princeton, Ind. Feb. 27, 1918.
- 39 ii Charles Emmit, b. May 8, 1873.
- 40 iii Carrie Corinth, b. Dec. 6, 1879.
- 41 iv Albert Louis, b. April 2, 1884. d. Aug. 21, 1884. Age 4 months.
- 42 v Ralph, b. Feb. 25, 1890. d. June 18, 1890. Age four months.

10



JAMES SPENCER WATT, son of John and Elizabeth (Woodburn) Watt, was born in Warrick County, Indiana, April 15, 1848, and died in Coffeyville, Kansas, June 4, 1911. He married, December 28, 1870, at Lynnville, Ind., Nancy Jane McCullough, born in Gibson County, Ind., February 24, 1851, and died in Coffeyville, January 28, 1911. He was associated with his brothers in the Watt Milling Company for over 25 years, and after selling his interest in the mill to them in 1892, purchased a farm in Greer Township, operating a threshing machine outfit for wheat, oats, and clover, for four year, after which he sold and removed to Coffeyville, Kansas (1896), where he spent the remainder of his life working as carpenter and wagon maker.

CHILDREN

- 43 i John William, b. Sept. 29, 1871. d. Jan. 20, 1887 of spinal meningitis. buried, Eden.
- 44 ii James Edgar, b. June 9, 1873.
- 45 iii Robert Alden, b. Dec. 22, 1875. d. Jan. 5, 1930. Double pneumonia at Los Angeles, Cal. Buried Inglewood, Cal.
- 46 iv Minnie Ethel, b. Feb. 11, 1878. d. Feb. 28, 1897, inflammatory rheumatism. Buried at Chanute, Kans.
- 47 v Stanley Archibald, b. Oct. 2, 1881.
- 48 vi Margaret Eva, b. Feb. 12, 1884.
- 49 vii Jennie, b. Jan. 4, 1887. d. Jan. 5, 1887.
- 50 viii Mary Elva, b. March 31, 1888.

All the children of James Spencer were born in Barton Twp. Gibson Co. at his home near the Watt Mill.

THE WATT MILLING COMPANY

The Watt Milling Company was formed about 1865, and was a verbal agreement among four of the brothers: James, David, Robert and William. Robert was the miller, David the engineer and James operated the sawmill. William was the blacksmith and machinist, and John, Jr., another brother, a woodworker and carpenter, framed and built the structure, it being the first flour mill in that section of the county.

At first only grist was produced and flour made by the roller process, but in 1868 they secured the services of one David Hartin, a professional millwright, to teach them the bolted flour process. It is said that this process made whiter flour but that it did not taste any better than the old. Later on a sawmill was added to their equipment.

Power was furnished by steam, with a mill pond near by as a source of water. The boiler was one that had been salvaged from a gunboat that was sunk in Charleston harbor during the siege of Fort Sumter at the beginning of the Civil War. What turn of circumstances brought this boiler from its original place of service on a war boat to far away Indiana, there to turn the wheels of progress in a peaceful community, would be of much interest could it be remembered. Perhaps it was secured through the agency of some friend of the family, made during their sojourn in the State of South Carolina, and sent on its long journey by ox-team to the inland community. The fact remains but the story however is lost.

The mill served as a prominent and central landmark for many years. It was a popular gathering place for the community and "Mill Day" became an eagerly awaited event. An entire day was usually spent on the trip, and many contests of skill, such as running, jumping, wrestling and swimming in the old pond, were engaged in. Those less strenuously inclined devoted their time to settling the momentous problems of the times, either while awaiting their turn or tarrying awhile afterwards.

As time passed on, the wheels of progress doomed the old mill, and newer and better methods of milling came into use, eventually forcing the closing of the old mill shortly after the turn of the present century. All that now remains

are a few traces of the old pond. Along with the old mill or even before, passed its companion industries of the community, the store and blacksmith shop of William, and the woodworking shop of John, Jr.

The sketch of the mill as shown here was drawn from a small kodak picture made of the old building only a short time before its destruction. As it was a rather dim picture, the position and number of windows on the east side of the structure may not be entirely correct, but are nearly so. This view shows the building from the southeast, with the barn of David showing in the distance.

The mill pond, a corner of which shows in the picture, adjoined the mill to the northeast. It was an artificial body of water of perhaps a little less than a half acre in area and on the north side the water was over ten feet deep. Water was led to the boilers through a narrow wooden flume and steam was discharged into the pond at the same point which was near an old tree that leaned far out over the water. The north side of the pond was the built up bank and was held in place by a heavy growth of willow trees.

On the ground floor in the east side of the building were the engine and boilers. On the second floor was the grist mill with its large mill stones, and the flour making machinery reaching up into the third floor. John, Jr. had his turning lathe and other power machinery for woodworking on the second floor of the small gable wing on the southeast corner of the building. On the south side of the building a long wooden ramp, from which wagons were unloaded and loaded, led up to the second floor. The yard end of the ramp was on a level with the tops of the wagon beds.

The sawmill was located under a long, open shed adjoining the mill to the north and may be seen indicated through the trees in the picture.

The mill was located on the William Watt farm, was perhaps not over a hundred yards from the line separating Gibson and Warrick Counties and was in Barton Township in Gibson County. With the exception of the location of some of the windows on the east side, perhaps, this picture

is authentic in all details of its appearance and surroundings in the year of 1898, of which time the writer has dim memories of playing in and around the old mill as a small boy of eight or nine years—when the mill was still in use.

The following letter was received from Oscar Watt after receiving the picture of the old mill and its accompanying verse:

“. . . In the late 1890's we bid goodbye to old Wattville and moved to Oakland City. From that time on there have been many changes for us all, but when I looked at the picture and read the verse, I could still hear the steam exhaust as it puffed in white clouds around the building on Saturday mornings as the folks came with their corn to be ground, and I can still hear Uncle Bob's voice as he yelled down the meal chute and cried, 'Take it away' to the man at the lower end of the chute, meaning that was all the meal that the man below had coming and it was some one else's turn.

“Then on the days they sawed lumber you could hear the sing of the big old saw as Uncle Bob pressed the lever that sent the saw deep into the log, then the heavy slow puffs of the exhaust as the engine labored, then as the saw had cut through the log, the quickening of the exhaust in that brief interval before the governors could check the steam to the pistons, then the ring of the saw tapping against the log as the log carriage was reversed and the log returned for a repetition of this cycle, until the once big log was reduced to dimension lumber.

“Some of that lumber was heavy boards three or four inches thick of white oak that father used for making plow beams, wagon parts, etc. I can see him on the second floor of that old mill as he placed a pattern on the lumber, marked out a plow beam or wagon wheel felly, then sawed it out with that big power saw.

“Some of the lumber was sawed from big black walnut logs two feet in diameter, into boards one quarter inch thick and were used by your Dad and Will, and I believe Mary tried her hand at the foot pedal jig saw that cut out all kinds of bric-a-brac articles such as comb pockets, wall shelves and what-nots.

"Then there was the big saw dust pile that sometimes caught fire and burned for days and days. We used to get the saw dust from hickory logs to smoke the meat and the McCulloughs used to haul load after load of saw dust to pack the ice they had cut from their pond and stored in their ice house for summer use.

"I well remember the time I was unloading some corn on the little car that came down the elevated track to your wagon when Old Nell and Sealum became frightened and ran away. Before I could get hold of the lines we were about halfway up to the blacksmith shop; so around the corner we went full speed, just making the turn at the Wartman corner and up the road as hard as they could run, with me standing in the wagon straining every muscle on the lines, only to get them stopped about even with our barn, and then because Old Nell's breast strap came loose and the neck yoke struck her front legs every lunge she made. And just think, no one carried public liability or accident insurance those days. If it were to happen today, I would perhaps be charged with speeding or reckless driving."—





THE OLD WATT MILL

*What are the tales you might unfold
Down through the years, if they were told
Old mill of our memories*

*Who were the children that passed your door
Who came, were gone and are no more
Old mill of our memories*

*Where are the youth, gathered round you at will
In game or in contest to try their skill
Old mill of our memories*

*What of the men with their wheat and their corn
Who trod your floors long before we were born
Old mill of our memories*

*Now you are but dust, no more are you there
But memory sees you, still in that place so bare
Old mill of our memories*

*So—whisper to us those tales unknown
Ere from our mind, dim memories have flown
Old mill of our memories*

FRANK H. WATT
WACO, TEXAS

OTHER WATT FAMILIES

There were other families of the name Watt in the Eden church community. If related to the John Watt family the connection was in Scotland, but the coincidence of place of family residence in both Ireland and America, the dates of immigration and other data would strongly indicate such a connection to have existed.

HUGH WATT, son of George and Barbara (Menown) Watt, nephew of James Watt, inventor of the steam engine, was born in County Downs, Ireland, near the city of Belfast, December 25, 1801. Came to America in 1821 with parents, landing at Philadelphia, from there going to Ohio, where his parents permanently settled near Xenia. When Hugh came to Indiana is not known. He died October 20, 1871, and with his wife, Persis, born March 6, 1811, place unknown, is buried at Eden. They lived a short distance north of Eden but we have no records of his family.

ANDREW WATT, brother of Hugh, was born near Belfast, County Downs, Ireland, October 1, 1805. Their father, George Watt, came to America with his wife, a maiden sister, Mary Watt, and a family of nine children. Another sister (Youngs) had preceded them to Philadelphia. Andrew married Elizabeth Dodds, born August 12, 1812, died July 12, 1869. Andrew died September 27, 1875, and both are buried at Eden. They lived near Hugh.

Andrew was the father of:

Elizabeth, who married Wm. R. McCullough and they ran a feed store and hitch yard on North Main Street in Oakland City for many years. Here the John Watt families always left their teams while visiting the city. A daughter, Emma McCullough, lives at Oakland City. Other children: Fannie and William.

Nancy Ann, (Nan), who married——Asdell

- Frances, (Fannie), who taught at the Watt school at one time.
- Sam, married Kate Martin and was the father of Charles, Della (married Bates), Jessie and Dennis.
- Wilson, born May 1, 1852, died July 12, 1869, and is buried at Eden.
- Isabell, Jane and Margaret were other children of Andrew, one of whom married a McGregor.

GEORGE MENOWN WATT, another brother, was born at the family home near Belfast in November, 1807. He remained in Ohio and died at Xenia November 28, 1865. He married Jane Findley McClellan, born March 28, 1816, died May 12, 1888, by whom he had thirteen children. His family history has been recorded by Ada Belle Watt (Torrence), the youngest child, who is living at Xenia. Descendants are living at Princeton and Cynthiana in Gibson County.

LYDIA WATT, who also taught at the Watt school (1882), is another of whose family we have no record, other than she was a sister of the late George Watt of Oakland City.

There are perhaps others of whom we have no information.



THIRD GENERATION

Births of those in the third generation from the oldest to the youngest covered a period of 40 years, 1849-1888. During this time the struggle between the North and South was begun, fought and reconstruction took place. None of the third generation were old enough to see service during this war. Transcontinental railroads opened up vast new country to the west and great numbers of people from both the north and the south joined the great westward trek.

Tho the children of John Watt had remained close by the old home, the grandchildren or the third generation began to venture away from the community as more and more room was needed, as new interests were formed and new and varied ways of making a livelihood were found to be desirable, and came then the first breaking away from a tilling of the soil as the primary means of making a living.

The third generation, increasing and with more advanced means of transportation ventured farther and farther from the old homes. They witnessed the advent of the buggy without a horse.

To those of the family who ventured forth, the state of Oklahoma became home for the greater part, with others going to Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico and California. This was a westward migration from which none ever returned to the old home state to re-establish their abode.



13

ELIZABETH JANE BRADSHAW (2-1) daughter of Robert and Margaret Ann (Watt) Bradshaw, was born in Warrick County, Indiana, August 12, 1851. She died near Eden Church June 22, 1923. Elizabeth married, October 13, 1870, William McCullough, born on a farm in Barton Township, Gibson County, Ind., (near Eden Church) January 14, 1849. He lived on this farm all his life, and died June 18, 1923, just four days before Elizabeth Jane.

CHILDREN

- 51 i Robert McCullough.
- 52 ii Margaret Syrvilla McCullough, b. March 9, 1873.
- 53 iii Francis Clarence McCullough, b. Jan. 30, 1875.
- 54 iv Della McCullough.
- 55 v Alma Lavina McCullough, b. July 4, 1885.

14

GEORGE C. BRADSHAW (2-1), son of Robert and Margaret Ann (Watt) Bradshaw, was born in Warrick County, Ind., December 30, 1853. He was employed at the Watt Milling Co. (saw mill) and with his uncle, James Watt, operated a threshing outfit for a number of years. Moved to Oakland City, Ind., in 1899, where he was employed by the Richey Implement Co. and was later janitor and caretaker of the Public Schools. He died in Oakland City, Nov. 17, 1916. Married Agnes Bugg, born in Warrick County in 1856, died at Oakland City, August 6, 1908. Both are buried in Montgomery Cemetery at Oakland City.

CHILD

- 56 i Russell R. Bradshaw, b. Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., Aug. 13, 1890 (on old James Watt place).

15

HANNAH ANN BRADSHAW (2-1), daughter of Robert and Margaret Ann (Watt) Bradshaw, was born in Greer Twp., Warrick County, Indiana, January 31, 1857. Married Louis Bugg, who was born in Warrick County September 10, 1856, and died July 22, 1898. Hannah Ann died March 17, 1892.

CHILD

- 57 i Norman Edmund Bugg, b. near Buckskin, Ind., Oct. 5, 1878.

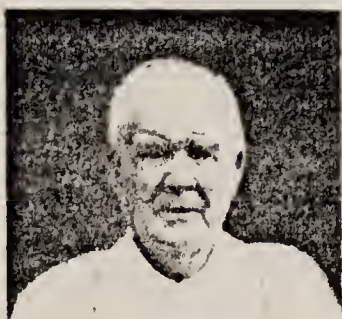
16

MARGARET ELLEN BRADSHAW (2-1), daughter of Robert and Margaret Ann (Watt) Bradshaw, was born in Warrick County, Ind., June 27, 1859, and died at Lynnville, Ind., December 19, 1939. Married Ollie R. Robinson, born May 19, 1873, died January 18, 1902.

CHILDREN

- 58 i Dennis Robinson, b. April 14, 1896. m. Sept. 30, 1929,
 Vera Oestreicher, b. Aug. 25, 1905.
- 59 ii Blake Robinson, b. Sept. 14, 1898.

17



WILLIAM BRADSHAW (2-1), son of Robert and Margaret Ann (Watt) Bradshaw, was born in Warrick County, Indiana, April 10, 1861. He received his entire education at the old Watt school. Married at Ft. Branch, Ind., September 12, 1886, Ella M. Mayhall, born September 27, 1866, on the Mayhall farm one-half mile east of Buckskin, Ind.

For nine years they lived on a farm adjoining that of Samuel Watt to the east, then moved to Evansville, Ind., for four years, after which they moved to the Mayhall farm, where they remained until June 15, 1902. Leaving Indiana at that time they stopped over at Granite City, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo., on their way to Bentonville, Ark., which they reached June 18, 1903.

William farmed for 25 years and was employed as carpenter and in planing mill work for 30 years. Reside at 506 D St., S. E., Bentonville.

CHILDREN

- 60 i Leila O. Bradshaw, b. on farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., Aug. 19, 1891.
- 61 ii Jesse A. Bradshaw, b. Mayhall farm near Buckskin, Ind., April 1, 1899. m. Thomas Terrell Tate, b. near San Antonio, Tex. No children. Reside 210 E. Mastin St., Del Rio, Tex.

18

ROBERT EMMIT BRADSHAW (2-1), son of Robert and Margaret Ann (Watt) Bradshaw, was born on the old Bradshaw farm in Greer Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., July 6, 1865. He was educated at the Watt school and a short time at Lynnville High School. He was a farmer until moving to St. Louis, Mo., in 1904, where he was employed as a carpenter. Died at St. Louis December 1, 1923, and is buried in Newpickers cemetery.

Married at Princeton, Ind., October 6, 1890, to Esther Kate Murphy, born 4 miles east of Princeton, Ind., November 3, 1866. She resides at 1417A South Broadway, St. Louis.

CHILDREN

- 62 i Flossie Irma Bradshaw, b. old Sam Watt farm June 10, 1892. d. Jan. 13, 1895.
- 62a ii Esther Lorel Bradshaw, b. Evansville, Ind., May 6, 1895.
- 63 iii Bertis Emmet Bradshaw, b. near Princeton, Ind., Mar. 1, 1898.
- 63a iv Margery Emaline Bradshaw, b. St. Louis, Mo., May 22, 1908. d. April 9, 1922.

19



AGNES JANE WATT (4-1), daughter of John, Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born on a farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., September 11, 1859. She married Lafayette Gwaltney April 3, 1884. He was born January 6, 1854, and died February 14, 1902. A tall, bearded man, very pious, with a habit of never removing his hat except in church and upon retiring at night.

They lived, until his death, on a farm adjoining the Old Bradshaw place to the west, and here all their children were born. They attended Eden Church with faithful regularity. Agnes, frail and nearly blind during her last years, died June 9, 1933, on the old John Watt farm, and is buried in Eden Cemetery.

CHILDREN

- | | |
|---------|--|
| 64 i | Clarence Gwaltney, b. Greer Twp., Warrick Co., Mar. 2, 1885. |
| 65 ii | Seward Gwaltney, b. Sept. 15, 1886. |
| 66 iii | Guy Gwaltney, b. Mar. 3, 1888. |
| 67 iv | Cora B. Gwaltney, b. April 15, 1890, d. June 20, 1890. |
| 68 v | Bertis Charles Gwaltney, b. Aug. 28, 1893. |
| 69 vi | Grace Gwaltney, b. July 3, 1899, d. Jan. 29, 1900. |
| 70 vii | Infant son Gwaltney, b. & d. July 10, 1901. |
| 71 viii | Oscar Gwaltney, b. July 11, 1902. |

20



WILLIAM JOHN WATT (4-1), son of John Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., May 25, 1861. He married at Princeton, Ind., March 10, 1886, Susan Marlinda Carnahan, (dau. of Jackson and Mary Carnahan) who was born May 4, 1866, at Princeton, Ind. They lived on a farm east of Buckskin, Ind., until 1894, at this time

moving to Princeton and operating a grocery store. In 1896 they moved to a farm 3 miles north of that city where they ran a combination farm and dairy. In 1915 the family moved to Tulsa, Okla., where he was with the Watt Plumbing Co. until his death from heart trouble February 21, 1935. Susan died at Tulsa Thursday, July 17, 1941, of apoplexy. Buried in Tulsa.

CHILDREN

- 72 i Norman Glenn, b. 1 mile east of Buckskin, Ind., Dec. 27, 1886.
- 73 ii Sarah Mabel, b. near Buckskin, Ind., July 8, 1893.
- 74 iii Newman Paul, b. Princeton, Ind., Nov. 12, 1896.
- 75 iv Velma Faye, b. Princeton, Ind., July 27, 1903, d. bronchitis-pneumonia May 7, 1904.

21



HENRY GRAVES WATT (4-1), son of John, Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born July 30, 1863, the first of the children to be born in the family's new frame home. His education was received at the Watt school. On July 27, 1887, he married (1) Clara M. Hedden, born at probably Magnolia, Ind., February 25, 1869. Their first home was on a farm just west of Lynnville, Ind., in Hart Twp., Warrick County, and here their only child was born. From this farm they moved to another which they purchased on the east side of the E & I railroad one mile north of Oakland City, Ind. In 1895 they moved into that town and there she died July 30, 1896, of tuberculosis.

Shortly after her death he became a ward supervisor at Woodmere Hospital for the Insane at Evansville, Ind., at the time the late Dr. G. C. Mason was superintendent of the institution. After two years he returned to Oakland City and became associated with his brother-in-law, A. C. Jones, in the farm implement business, and at the Columbia Grain Elevator Co.

December 25, 1902, he married at Oakland City, (2) Julia Abigail Doolittle, who was born at Riddle, Ind., January 9, 1863.

From 1902 until 1914 he was with the Creek and Heldt Hardware Co. of Oakland City, as salesman and buyer. He was an ardent Prohibitionist and though never seeking public office was very influential in the movement and was one of a committee of three through whose efforts the legally licensed saloon was local optioned out of existence in the community. It is enlightening as to the character of the man and the esteem and respect in which he was held in the town in that at no time during this period was he or any of his family molested in any way, though the other members of the committee had their persons attacked and their property destroyed.

In 1914 they removed to a ranch 5 miles south of Wagon Mound, New Mexico, where they remained until 1919. One year was spent at Tampa, Florida, after which residence was at Waco, Texas. Here they remained until their deaths, she on January 16, 1929, and he on January 21, 1929, both from complications of influenza and pneumonia. Both are buried at Montgomery Cemetery, Oakland City, Ind.

Henry Graves spent his last years in the building and sale of small cottage homes at Waco.

A devout Christian, he at all times stood for the best things in life and was opposed to all forms of evil though there was nothing of intolerance as to the rights of freedom of thought and action of others. Always a willing worker he was to be found, where ever he might be, in some position of influence in church or school work as teacher, superintendent or official. Born and raised in the United Presbyterian Church, much of his life was spent in the service of other denominations, joining and working in whatever church was available when there was none of his own belief near. At the time of his death was an Elder on the Board of the Trinity Presbyterian Church at Waco, Texas, and also a teacher in the Sunday School.

CHILD

76 i

Frank Hedden, b. Hart Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., Jan. 15, 1889.

22



MARY ELIZABETH WATT (4-1), daughter of John, Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Indiana, March 3, 1866. She married (1) Newman McGregor at Somerville, Ind., February 1, 1893. He was a farmer and was born at Somerville, March 2, 1868. While working with his brother-in-law, W. J. Watt, on the Wm. Watt woodland was struck and killed by a falling tree, January 13, 1894 (date given on his headstone is June 12, 1894). He is buried at Eden. (2) Frank W. Winkler, at Lynnville, Ind., March 10, 1897. A farmer, born in Spencer Co., Ind., March 23, 1862. They resided on farm near Rockport, Ind., for a year and a half then moved to the John Watt, Jr. farm where they lived until his death on October 5, 1928. He was a quiet, deep thinking man who during his later years wrote all his letters in verse. After his death she continued on the farm for a number of years then married (3) Arthur Winkler, September 6, 1934, at Princeton, Ind. He was a farmer, born at Rockport, Ind., May 2, 1871. They reside at Oakland City, Ind., where he is caretaker of Montgomery Cemetery.

CHILDREN

(2)

- 77 i Bowlin Watt Winkler, b. on John Watt, Jr. farm Oct. 4, 1899.
- 78 ii Horace Orval Winkler, b. on John Watt, Jr. farm Aug. 28, 1901.

23



MARTHA VELMA WATT (4-1), daughter of John and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born in Barton Township, Gibson County, Ind., May 7, 1868. She received her school education at the Watt school and married at home August 29, 1887, Andrew J. Carnahan, born in Gibson County, March 23, 1857. They lived

on the home farm, across the road from the Watt school, for three and a half years, then moved to Princeton, Ind., where he was employed as carpenter and car builder in the shops of the Southern railroad, for eight years. The family then moved to a farm southeast of Princeton until 1902, then moving to Bloomington, Ind., where he worked as carpenter until September, 1910, at which time they removed to Tulsa, Oklahoma. Here Andrew was connected with the plumbing business until stricken with his final illness and death which occurred November 1, 1936.

She has been very active in church work, beginning her service in the missionary society and sewing circles of her church in Bloomington, and also teaching a class of girls in mission Sabbath school for three years.

On moving to Tulsa continued her work at the First United Presbyterian Church of Tulsa, at that time a missionary church with a membership of only 71. Here she taught a class of girls for seventeen years, during which time she lacked only one day of completing eight consecutive years of perfect attendance, missing on account of illness. Beginning in 1911, made unleavened bread, for use at communion services, for twenty-eight years. Was treasurer of the Sabbath school beginning in 1915 and serving for fifteen years. In April 1917 was elected Cradle Roll Superintendent, continuing for twenty-five years. Was secretary of Larkin Club from 1919 to 1926. Thanks offering secretary for Womens Missionary Society, 1921 to 1940,—and of the Presbyterial Thanks offering secretary, 1926 to 1939. During the years of her work as Cradle Roll superintendent 612 babies were enrolled, 295 received graduation certificates and 8 were lost by death. This has been her greatest work and in connection with this work used as a symbol and for pictures of the babies, the cradle in which she was rocked as a child. This cradle was made by her father in 1859 and was used in turn by each of his children.

A woman—not young, not old—stepped onto the platform of a childrens day service to present the work of the cradle-roll department. For several moments she stood there looking quite uncertain of herself, maybe a bit scared. She

knew the folk before her and they knew her quite well, which might account for the appearance of disturbance. In this case appearances were deceiving. She was not frightened. She knew exactly what she was doing, how to do it and how to say it. Her calm quiet quickly reflected itself in the wriggling, squirming youngsters in the front row of seats. They became quiet. Without competition she told of the work of her department. With a smile that showed thorough understanding of infant psychology she said that each one as he or she came upon the platform would say a speech "if they had not changed their minds in the last few minutes." . . . Like trained soldiers they lined up shoulder to shoulder and said their pieces. . . .

It is said that an expert is a man (or woman) a hundred miles from home. Not so in this case, for here was an expert at home in her own field and in her own church.

In 1934 made a quilt as a permanent record of those who had received certificates of graduation from the cradle roll. This quilt consisted of 91 blocks, each block containing the figure of a small boy or girl, 40 boys and 51 girls and each one had their names embroidered in their block. The girls' blocks were made from pieces of cloth like their dresses and there were no two blocks alike except the twins of which there were two pairs. Two pairs of brothers had sleeves alike but their pants were different. Three pairs of sisters had their dresses alike but their bonnets were different. There were six pairs of brothers and sisters, the brothers having sleeves like their sisters' dress. The blocks were arranged in family groups with three families of three, two families of four and one family of five in addition to the pairs, with forty-three scattered blocks of one to a family.

* on sixty-two blocks indicated they were on the church roll and a ☐ on twenty-one blocks showed them to have received a certificate for attending Sabbath school for forty days or more each year.

The following tribute to her work was written by her pastor:—"Her whole life has been wrapped up in her babies. For twenty-four years she has watched them come and go, grow up, many into strong Christians and active members of

the Church. Many have gone away from this Church, we know not where. Some now have babies of their own. Only the Master, who bade the little ones come unto Him, can measure the extent of the influence of this fine Christian woman who has given so unstintingly of her time and effort for her babies, her church, and her Lord."

Martha Velma resides at 1628 South Boulder, Tulsa.

CHILDREN

- 79 i William Verne Carnahan, b. on John Watt, Jr. farm Sept. 7, 1888. Was educated in the Princeton and Bloomington public schools. Death was caused by premature explosion of dynamite while at work in building roads at Bloomington, Ind., Sept. 13, 1909.
- 80 ii Roy Steele Carnahan, b. on John Watt, Jr. farm Aug. 7, 1890. Was educated at the Princeton and Bloomington public schools, graduating from the Bloomington High School in 1908. Learned the plumbing trade at Tulsa, Okla., with the Watt Plumbing and Heating Co. Enlisted in Field Artillery,—U. S. Army, in May, 1918. Served in the A. E. F. in France from Oct. 1918 to April 1919. Returned to Tulsa and resumed work as plumber. Is with the Watt Plumbing, Air-conditioning and Electrical Co. at Tulsa. Married at Tulsa, Oct. 1, 1915, (1) Pearl Mayfield, born Mt. Vernon, Ill., Feb. 13, 1896. After a year's residence in Denver, Colo., they returned to Tulsa, where she died March 11, 1917, from a throat infection. (2) At Ardmore, Okla., Sept. 3, 1939, Monah L. Weaver. She was born on a farm near Macomb, Okla., Oct. 30, 1903, graduated from Macomb HS and from Business colleges at Sapulpa and Tulsa, Okla. Stenographer and typist at Sapulpa, Tulsa, Oklahoma City and at Dallas, Texas, and at the time of marriage was with Home Owners Loan Corp. at Tulsa and Oklahoma City (1933 to 1940). Reside at 1628 South Boulder, Tulsa.
- 81 iii James Harry Carnahan, b. Princeton, Ind., Feb. 28, 1892.

24



MARGARET ALICE WATT (4-1), daughter of John, Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., June 26, 1871. Received her education at the Watt school and married at home, December 25, 1894, Alvah C. Jones, born at Lynnville, Ind., November 7, 1873. At time of marriage he was a merchant at Lynnville. In 1895 engaged in the grain business with Alvin Powers at Lynn Station, Ind. Lived on farm east of Lynnville during 1897 and 1898, and moving to Oakland City, Ind., engaged in farm implement business with a brother-in-law, Henry G. Watt, in 1898. Moved to Coffeyville, Kansas, in 1905, and to Chanute, Kansas, in 1906, where he was employed as clerk in the Chanute Post Office. Moved to Tulsa, Oklahoma, in 1919, and is employed as construction supervisor with Watt Plumbing, Air-conditioning and Electrical Co. Reside at 1212 North Denver, Tulsa.

CHILDREN

- 82 i Glenn W. Jones, b. Lynnville, Ind., Mar. 31, 1898. Was educated in the Oakland City, Ind., and Chanute, Kans., schools, graduating from Chanute HS in 1917. Attended Kansas Agri. College at Manhattan for two years, taking Animal Husbandry. Was drafted and had entered officers training camp at time Armistice was signed. Attended Tulsa Business College. Worked for Watt Plumbing Co., as Dodge Car salesman, for Haskell-Sells Private Accounting Co., and as accountant for Operators Oil Co. Started own business as broker for oil and oil leases. At present Sec-Treas of Higgi & Son Steel Corp., Joliet, Ill. Married at Okmulgee, Okla., June 10, 1922, Clara Rader (2) b. Tulsa, Sept. 30, 1897. d. Tulsa April 10, 1938.
- 83 ii Faye Jones, b. Oakland City, July 13, 1900.
- 84 iii Edwin Jones, b. Oakland City, April 29, 1904.

27



ETHEL NATELLA WATT (4-1), daughter of John, Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., September 19, 1878. Received most of her education at the Watt school and was a member of Eden church. In August, 1898, moved from the old farm, with mother and two brothers, to Oakland City, Ind., where she married Fred W. Niekamp, August 23, 1899. He was born near Buckskin, Ind., March 10, 1870. They resided on farm 2 miles northwest of Buckskin until 1908, then moved to another a mile east of the same town where they remained until 1924, at which time they removed to Tulsa, Oklahoma, where they now reside at 112 E. King St.

CHILDREN

- 85 i Victor Lowell Niekamp, b. near Buckskin, Ind., June 21, 1900.
- 86 ii Ola Mae Niekamp, b. Buckskin, Jan. 24, 1902.
- 87 iii Ralph Rupert Niekamp, b. Buckskin Dec. 5, 1903.
- 88 iv Fern Marie Niekamp, b. Buckskin Aug. 15, 1906. Married at Wagoner, Okla., June 19, 1937, Herschel R. Barnes, b. July 7, 1899, at Chanute, Kansas. Reside at Tulsa.
- 89 v Karl Watt Niekamp, b. Buckskin April 15, 1912.
- 90 vi Marjorie Faye Niekamp, b. Buckskin Aug. 15, 1914.

28



OSCAR GUTHRIE WATT (4-1), son of John, Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., April 4, 1881. His boyhood was spent on the farm and he attended the Watt school down the hill from which he graduated in 1898. Moved to Oakland City with mother in 1898 and attended school until the death of mother in 1899, then went to live

with a brother (William), on a farm north of Princeton, Ind. His first business venture, selling accounting record books to farmers, was not remunerative so entered the employ of the Brown Supply Co. at Coffeyville, Kans., as apprentice plumber, November 1, 1901, at a salary of \$3 per week for 10 hours work a day. Enrolled and completed a correspondence trade course covering the technical side of the plumbing and heating trade. In 1904 became foreman and estimator for the Company.

To gain a varied experience at the business he worked with E. D. Hornbrook at Kansas City, Mo., and later made an extended trip through the west, working for short periods each at Butte, Spokane, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Salt Lake City.

Deciding that the most remunerative part of the plumbing business was in the merchandising and contracting end and that a business education was necessary for success as a master or employing plumber, completed such a course at Vories Business College at Indianapolis, Ind., in 1909.

Went to Spokane, Wash., with intention of entering business there but was persuaded by a friend to go to Tulsa, Okla., where, after working as a journeyman for two years, started the new firm, Watt Plumbing Co., March 1, 1910, with a capital of \$2,000.

In 1903 while with the Brown Supply Co. at Coffeyville, had been sent to Tulsa to install a number of bath rooms at the Alcorn Hotel being built at First and Boston. At that time Tulsa, now a city of 150,000 had a population of 1300, had no water system or paved streets. Two large wooden tanks on the hotel roof, supplied with water from a well powered by a windmill, was the water system. Hot water was supplied by the kitchen range water back connected to a hundred gallon tank. Coal was used as fuel before gas and oil were discovered in the Tulsa area.

In 1918 the Watt Plumbing Co. was incorporated under the name of Watt Plumbing, Heating and Supply Co. for both wholesaling and retailing of plumbing and heating supplies and the contracting business. In 1921 the three-story

Watt Building at 608 South Cincinnati was built and the two upper floors used as a hotel. At the same time the Watt Drug Co. was incorporated, using part of the first floor.

In 1935 the Watt Plumbing, Air-Conditioning and Electric Co. was incorporated to take over all contracting and retail selling of plumbing and heating equipment and included a new line, the electrical business, with Dale H. Watt as president, the old firm remaining purely wholesale. These Watt corporations are closed and a family affair. The average annual sales over a period of twenty years has been about a quarter of a million dollars with an average of 35 to 40 employees. During the peak years, sales totaled over a half million dollars with 80 to 90 employees. Certain tracts of real estate bought at the beginning of Tulsa prosperity increased many times in value as the years passed by.

On June 1, 1911, at Tulsa, married Ruby Cleo Henderson (daughter of Judge John J. and Elizabeth (Owens) Henderson), born Oakwood, Mo., July 1, 1889, and who came to Tulsa from Hannibal, Mo., in July, 1907.

His hobbies are three-fold:—his family—a devoted wife, three sons and a daughter, all healthy, intelligent, upright, energetic folk who availed themselves of the opportunity afforded them for a college education and self improvement; his home—much above the average, with many original and modern conveniences. Sleeps every night in a large four poster bed, under which is a trundle bed in which all the children of John Watt, Jr. slept when little. These and many other pieces of furniture, all built by his father over 75 years ago, with some modern furniture, make a home that is different; his business—selling the things that have to do with the five most important things of his life, health, comfort, efficiency, ambition and happiness. Has developed and patented a number of improved types of heating devices used in connection with hot water fixture and with other bathroom equipment. Member of Rotary Club, Tulsa Chamber of Commerce and Methodist Church. Resides at 1723 South Rockford, Tulsa, Okla.

CHILDREN

- 91 i Dale Henderson, b. Tulsa, Okla., Nov. 17, 1912.
- 92 ii Bob Everett, b. Tulsa, July 20, 1917. Grad. Tulsa HS 1935. BA degree 1939 and MA degree from Rice Inst., Houston, Tex., 1940. Special work at Mass. Inst. Tech., Cambridge, Mass., 1941. Physicist.
- 93 iii John Neal, b. Tulsa, Dec. 12, 1921. Grad. Tulsa HS 1938. Will rec. BA in engineering Okla. Univ. 1942.
- 94 iv Phyllis Jean, b. Tulsa, Feb. 29, 1928. Only Leap Year birth, so far as is known, in the family.

29



WALTER SCOTT WATT (4-1), son of John, Jr. and Sarah Ann (Simpson) Watt, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., July 3, 1884. He attended school at the Watt school and at Oakland City. Married on May 1, 1912, at Princeton, Ind., Grace Lehman, born at Princeton, October 5, 1891, a daughter of Ferdinand Lehman, born January 26, 1856, at Nuglar Canton, Labothern, Switzerland, and Rosa B. (Lawrence) Lehman, born September 7, 1865, at Somerville, Ind. They have resided on farm 2 miles northeast of Princeton for the last 29 years.

CHILDREN

- 95 i Lloyd Vesper, b. 2 mi. N. E. Princeton, Oct. 15, 1914.
- 96 ii Harold Frederick, b. Princeton, Feb. 6, 1934.

31



SAMUEL THOMAS WATT (5-1), son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Wilson) Watt, was born September 27, 1860, on the Samuel Watt farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind. He was educated at the Watt school and lived his entire life and died at the place of his birth. He married at

Princeton, Ind., Mary Rebecca (Mollie) Lapsley, born February 22, 1863, at Princeton, Ind. Samuel died March 3, 1890, of pneumonia, brought on by injury received at the saw mill, and is buried at Eden. Mollie married (2) in March, 1892, Richard Foster, by whom she had two children, Richard M. Foster, born Dec. 31, 1892 (lives in St. Louis, Mo.), and Carol Foster, born July 15, 1894, died Sept. 7, 1894. Mollie died August 24, 1894, and is buried at Eden.

CHILDREN

- 97a i Nancy.
- 98 ii Clyda Jane, b. Oct. 24, 1885.
- 99 iii Luida, b. April 1, 1887.
- 100 iv Leonard Arthur, b. Nov. 2, 1889.

35



GEORGE HENRY WATT (5-1), son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Wilson) Watt, was born on the Samuel Watt farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., Jan. 8, 1867. Attended the Watt school and was married by Elder Potter August 25, 1895, to Josephine Roe, born near Providence Church in Gibson Co., Aug. 17, 1869. They lived on a farm near Ft. Branch for about 20 years, moving to Evansville in 1917, where he worked in a furniture factory and as night watchman. Moved back to Ft. Branch in 1920, and to Princeton in 1925, where he now resides at 402 N. Ninth St., B. M. A.

CHILDREN

- 101 i Infant, b. July 15, 1896. d. same day.
- 102 ii Chester Norman, b. Jan. 29, 1898.
- 102a iii Elizabeth (Bessie), b. Sept. 4, 1901. d. Dec. 23, 1911.
- 103 iv Anna Jewel, b. Aug. 5, 1904.
- 104 v George Melvin, b. March 29, 1905.

36

MARY C. WATT (6-1), daughter of David and Susan (Miller) Watt, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., February 17, 1871. Married at home January 26, 1902, Charles A. Judkins, born in Warrick Co. February 22, 1872. They resided on a farm in Warrick Co. for 29 years and in Gibson Co. for 7 years. Charles died January, 1939, and Mary November 15 of the same year.

CHILDREN

- 105 i Alice A. Judkins, b. Gibson Co. Dec. 12, 1902. m. Mar. 6, 1926, at Mt. Vernon, Ind., Muriel Mallison, b. Posey Co., Ind., Jan. 1, 1906. With Chrysler Corp., Evansville, Ind.
- 106 ii Carrie B. Judkins, b. Gib. Co. July 31, 1905.
- 107 iii Marie S. Judkins, b. Gib. Co. March, 1909.
- 108 iv Herbert C. Judkins, b. Warrick Co. Aug. 11, 1911.

39



CHARLES EMMITT WATT (8-1), son of Robert and Anna A. (Woodworth) Watt, was born in Greer Township, Warrick Co., Ind., on the John Watt, Sr. farm, May 8, 1875. Here he spent his entire life and died September 27, 1926. He married December 27, 1894, Ella Gertrude Simpson, born April 9, 1875, (daughter of John P. and Margaret J. (Dickey) Simpson. Charley, as they called him, united with the United Presbyterian Church when 18 years old and was from then on a faithful attendant at all services. He was a good neighbor, often working beyond his strength and doing what he believed to be right. Ella Gertrude is still living on the old home place. (1941).

CHILDREN

- 109 i Robert Earl, b. Sept. 29, 1894.
- 110 ii John Adrian, b. Feb. 15, 1901.
- 111 iii Anna Margaret, b. Jan. 3, 1905.
- 112 iv Roy Simpson, b. April 13, 1913.

40

CARRIE CORINTH WATT (8-1), daughter of Robert and Anna A. (Woodworth) Watt, was born on the John Watt, Sr., farm in Greer Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., Dec. 6, 1879. Received her education at the Watt school. Married July 27, 1898, to George Ireland. He was a farmer and was born on the old Ireland farm. After their marriage they lived on a farm southwest of Lynnville a short time then moved to the old Ireland farm where she died December 9, 1903.

CHILDREN

- 113 ii Perry Ireland, b. Warrick Co., Ind., Sept. 10, 1901.
 113a i Alfred B. Ireland, b. Warrick Co., Mar. 23, 1900, d. July 9, 1901.

44



JAMES EDGAR WATT (9-1), son of Jamse Spencer and Nancy Jane (McCullough) Watt, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., June 9, 1873. He married January 13, 1892, at Elberfield, Ind., Anna Rostrom, born in Warrick Co., Ind., January 23, 1872. They were married by J. A. Yaylor.

Three months after the birth of their second child he left, going to Lawrence, Kansas, where he again married about 1901, (2) not known. This wife left him after a few years and he married (3) a very young girl, unknown to the family. James Edgar was an automobile machinist, working at his trade in Lawrence, Kans., Scranton, Iowa, and at Coffeyville, Kansas. At the latter place as he was walking down a street that had no sidewalks, he was struck and instantly killed by an automobile, October 18, 1933. Anna worked and took care of her infant son until he was seven years old, at which time she married (2) Ed Madden, and she is now living near Lynnville, Ind., nearby her son, James Bertis.

CHILDREN

- 114 i Nora Estelle, b. July 1, 1892, d. July 11, 1893.
 115 ii James Bertis, b. Feb. 7, 1897.
 James Edgar's wife (3) was 19 at the time of a visit he made to J. B. at Lynnville in 1919.

47



STANLEY ARCHIBALD WATT (9-1), son of James Spencer and Nancy Jane (McCullough) Watt, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., October 2, 1881. He married August 26, 1901, at Coffeyville, Kansas, Pearl Sawyer. He had moved to Kansas with his parents when 15 years old and learned the plumbing trade at which he worked for several years. He then took up automobile work and operated a garage at Scranton, Iowa, for 5 years. Now located at Kansas City, Mo. Resides at 216 West 16th St.

CHILDREN

- 116 i Lionel Vernon, b. Coffeyville, Ks., June 9, 1902, m. Mae Clark. Res. Oaks City, Cal. Child, 245, Robert.
 117 ii Oscar, b. Coffeyville, Sept. 16, 1903. m., child, 247____
 118 iii Malee, b. Coffeyville, Dec. 16, 1904. m., children, 249____
 250____.

48



MARGARET E. WATT (9-1), daughter of James Spencer and Nancy Jane (McCullough) Watt, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., February 12, 1884. She moved with her parents to Coffeyville, Kansas, when 13 years old. Married November 27, 1901, to William Sanford Geyer, born at Coffeyville, May 11, 1881. He was a farmer and they lived on farm 6 miles out

of Coffeyville until 1910. Bought and operated a feed store in Coffeyville, 1910 to 1913. Moved to Los Angeles, Cal., in 1913 and was conductor on street railway for three years, after which he became a machine operator for the Los Angeles Soap Company. He is a Mason, being Past Master of Euclid Lodge AF & AM No. 519. Reside at 1328 West 50th Street, Los Angeles.

CHILDREN

- 119 i Margaret Audrey Geyer, b. near Coffeyville, Kans., Dec. 7, 1902.
- 120 ii Virgil Sanford Geyer, b. near Coffeyville, Kans., Oct. 7, 1904.

50



MARY ELVA WATT (9-1), daughter of James Spencer and Nancy Jane (McCullough) Watt, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., March 31, 1888. Attended the old Watt school and moved with parents to Coffeyville, Kansas, in 1896, where she graduated from high school in 1905.

Married at Coffeyville December 16, 1906, (1) Wellington T. Engels, born near Coffeyville, August 20, 1883. They resided on a farm five miles west of Coffeyville until his death from Brights Disease, September 24, 1920. He is buried in Fairview Cemetery at Coffeyville. After his death Mary became a nurse and cared for and educated her two children. She went to Los Angeles, Cal., in 1921, but returned to Coffeyville in 1927. She married (2) September 4, 1934, Robert Schmidt, born Enis, Germany, September 8, 1879. He came to America when 11 years old, returned to Germany when 13 and again to America when 17. (His father took out citizenship papers, first at Independence, Kansas, and finals at Akron, Ohio. Located in

Joplin, Mo., in 1900). Robert is a refrigerator engineer with the Junge Baking Company at Joplin, where they now reside at 1118 Connor Avenue.

CHILDREN

(1)

- 121 i James Waldron Engels, b. near Coffeyville, Kans. Dec. 19, 1908.
122 ii Aileen Eva Engels, b. near Coffeyville, Ks., June 8, 1911.



FOURTH GENERATION

The fourth generation increased the span of the birth years to 61; 1873 to 1934, overlapping even into the beginning of the sixth generation ere it had completed its own cycle. This generation witnessed man's first successful attempts to travel above the earth's surface, and with the fifth generation, the development of the marvels of the modern machine age,—witnessed the so-called first great World War in which a number took part, and are now approaching the present great upheaval in which many more will take part and by which all will be affected. They have witnessed, unconsciously perhaps, the ending of a great epoch in the history of mankind and are now in the beginning of another era of which no one can foretell what the future will bring forth.



MARGARET SYRVILLA McCULLOUGH (1873-2-1), daughter of William S. and Elizabeth Jane (Bradshaw) McCullough, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., March 9, 1873. She married at Lynnville, Ind., November 15, 1900, I. Dale Hart, born near Boonville, Ind., February 1, 1873. He was a school teacher for 17 years then became a farmer. Margaret died on her 67th birthday, March 9, 1940, at her home in Hart Township, Warrick County.

CHILDREN

- | | |
|---------|--|
| 123 i | Ruth Elizabeth Hart, b. Hart Twp., Warrick Co. Sept. 28, 1902. |
| 124 ii | Russell Delo Hart, b. Hart Twp. Dec. 19, 1904. |
| 125 iii | Ralph McCullough Hart, b. Hart Twp. Oct. 11, 1906. |
| 125a iv | Albert, b. Nov., 1910. d. Jan., 1911. |

53

FRANCIS CLARENCE McCULLOUGH (13-2-1), son of William S. and Elizabeth Jane (Bradshaw) McCullough, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., January 30, 1875. He attended the old Watt school and later was the teacher there for a number of years. Graduate of a 4-year teachers training course at Indiana State Normal, Terre Haute, he received a BS from Indiana State Normal, MA degree from Missouri University, Columbus, Mo., attended Polytechnical Institute in Wisconsin. Taught in the Indiana Public Schools for 20 years and in the Tulsa High Schools for 24 years, serving as head of the department of Manual Art. One of the oldest instructors in point of service in the schools, he was widely known and well liked. He was a member of the Manual Arts Club, Class-room Teachers Association and of St. Pauls Methodist Church. He died suddenly from a heart attack while conducting a sophomore assembly, November 2, 1938. Buried in Rose Hill Cemetery at Tulsa. Married at Lynnville, Ind., December 26, 1897, to Bertha Thompson, born at Lynnville, December 15, 1875. She taught in the Indiana Public Schools for 4 years before marriage.

CHILDREN

- | | |
|---------|---|
| 126 i | Dorris Irwin McCullough, b. Barton Twp. Sept. 18, 1900. |
| 127 ii | Bryce Everett McCullough, b. Barton Twp. Oct. 13, 1902. d. Feb. 20, 1903. |
| 128 iii | Gerald Waldo McCullough, b. Barton Twp. April 1, 1904. |
| 129 iv | Roy Clarence McCullough, b. Barton Twp. Mar. 1, 1908. |
| 130 v | Dorothy May McCullough, b. Barton Twp. Aug. 26, 1910. Educated in the Tulsa Schools. ABS degree from Warrensburg, Mo., State Teachers College. Taught in Tulsa schools 8 years (kindergarten). m. at Tulsa, June 23, 1935, John Rush Rice, b. Holden, Mo., Dec. 5, 1911. Graduate in Law, Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tenn. |
| 131 vi | Robert Dale McCullough, b. Terre Haute, Ind., March 13, 1913. |

55

ALMA LAVINE McCULLOUGH (13-2-1), daughter of William S. and Elizabeth Jane (Bradshaw) McCullough, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., July 4, 1885. Attended the Watt school. Married at home July 23, 1911, to Ivan Sickman, born Gibson Co., Ind., November 27, 1891. Lived on farm near the Watt school until 1936, then moved to farm near Lynnville in Warrick Co. where they now reside.

CHILDREN

- 132 i Ivan Wendal Sickman, b. Barton Twp., Gibson, Co. June 12, 1912.
- 133 ii Dello Sickman, b. Barton Twp., Aug. 27, 1915. m. Martha Thompson. Res. in Barton Twp.
- 134 iii Garnett Sickman, b. Barton Twp. Oct. 22, 1918.
- 135 iv Lavern Sickman, b. Barton Twp. Oct. 28, 1922.

56

RUSSELL R. BRADSHAW (14-2-1), son of George C. and Agnes (Bugg) Bradshaw, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., August 13, 1890, in the old James S. Watt home. He attended the Watt school from 1896 to 1899, at which time his parents moved to Oakland City, Ind., where he graduated from High School in 1909. This same year he entered the Indiana Dental College at Indianapolis, Ind., from which he graduated in 1913 and went to Tryon, Oklahoma, where he established a dental business, remaining up to the present time. He is a past Master of Tryon Masonic Lodge and past NG of the IOOF, is five feet seven inches tall, weighs about a hundred and forty pounds and raises fine bird dogs for a hobby. He married at Chandler, Oklahoma, December 5, 1914, Bessie Bradbury, born at Tryon, December 27, 1897. She was educated in the Tryon schools (HS) and at Oklahoma A & M College at Stillwater.

CHILDREN

- 136 i Cleo Bradshaw (adopted), b. Tryon, Okla., Dec. 21, 1915. Educated Tryon H. S. and Cen. Tea. College, Edmond, Okla. Timekeeper T & L Cons. Co., Centralia, Ill.
- 137 ii Wayne Bradshaw, b. Tryon, Okla., Dec. 21, 1916. Edu. Tryon H. S. and Cen. Tea. College, Edmond, Okla. Salesman Standard Coffee Co., Ft. Worth, Tex. m. at Tryon, Okla., Sept. 4, 1938, Ethel Pool.

57

NORMAN EDMUND BUGG (15-2-1), son of Louis and Hannah Ann (Bradshaw) Bugg, was born on a farm near Buckskin, Ind., October 5, 1879. He attended the Rainey school across the road from his home until the death of his mother, then lived with an aunt, Elizabeth (Bradshaw) McCullough, for two years, during which time he attended the Lynnvillle schools. After this lived with another aunt, Mrs. W. R. Harris, at Oakland City. Health did not permit his finishing High School there and after working at the W. R. Harris Hardware and Implement Company for awhile, went to East St. Louis in 1905 as salesman for a Commission Company. In 1907 opened own Commission Company which he disposed of in 1909, leaving East St. Louis because of the poor health of a son. Moved to Potosi, Mo., and became manager of a general department store at that place. In 1913 was appointed by the Governor of Missouri as Steward of State Hospital No. 4 at Farmington. Has been reappointed by each of the 7 succeeding Governors, both Republican and Democrat, for 28 years of continuous service. Has direction over all finances of buildings and grounds, dining rooms and all farm and dairy activities of 1740 patients and 278 employees, exclusive of the medical staff. Married at Oakland City, Ind., in 1901, Maud Spillman, born at Oakland City.

CHILDREN

- 138 i O. S. Bugg.
 139 ii Miss Ula A. Bugg.
 AB degree from Missouri Univ., MA degree Columbia Univ., New York, Special Work at Northwestern Univ., Chicago; teaches in Webster Groves, Mo., schools.
 140 iii Kenly C. Bugg.
 141 iv Loyal L. Bugg.
 142 v Ima June Bugg, b. Farmington, Mo.
 Graduate of Farmington H. S. 2 years at William Woods College for Girls.

59

BLAKE ROBINSON (16-2-1), son of Ollie (W. O.) and Margaret Ellen (Bradshaw) Robinson, was born at Lynnville, Ind., September 14, 1898. Married November 5, 1920, to Hattie Harriet Rickets, born September 3, 1902. Reside at Lynnville, Ind.

CHILD

- 143 i David Roy Robinson, b. Lynnville. Aug. 3, 1929.

60

LEILA C. BRADSHAW (17-2-1), daughter of William and Ella M. (Mayhall) Bradshaw, was born a a farm in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., adjoining the Samuel Watt farm on the east, August 19, 1891. Moved with parents to Bentonville, Arkansas, in 1903, where she received her education. Married J. W. Null, born at Somerville, Ind., April 9, 1890. Reside at San Antonio, Texas.

CHILDREN

- 144 i Pearl Louise Null, b. Bentonville, Ark., April 16, 1911.
 145 ii Mae Elizabeth Null, b. Kingsville, Tex., May 31, 1913.
 146 iii Doris Eileen Null, b. San Antonio, Tex., May 20, 1917.
 147 iv Betty Jane Null, b. San Antonio, May 30, 1920.
 148 v Billy Joe Null, b. San Antonio, July 15, 1924. d. March 15, 1937.

62a

ESTHER LOREL BRADSHAW (18-2-1), daughter of Robert Emmet and Esther Kate (Murphy) Bradshaw, was born at Evansville, Ind., May 6, 1895. Married at St. Louis, Mo., September 18, 1917, Joseph A. Hahn, born at St. Louis, Mo., July 4, 1899.

CHILD

149 i Dorothy Hahn, b. St. Louis, Mo., _____ 1918.

63

BERTIS EMMET BRADSHAW (18-2-1), son of Robert Emmet and Esther Kate (Murphy) Bradshaw, was born on farm two and a half miles west of Princeton, Ind., March 1, 1898. Moved with parents to St. Louis in 1904. Married at St. Louis, September 3, 1918, to Mary E. Waldron, born in St. Louis, September 3, 1897. Employed by City Ice and Fuel Co. of St. Louis for past ten years.

CHILDREN

150 i Rita Bradshaw, b. May 11, 1921.
151 ii Robert Emmet Bradshaw, b. Sept. 13, 1927.
152 iii James Joseph Bradshaw, b. Mar. 10, 1929.
152a iv Margaret Bradshaw, b. Dec. 10, 1931.
152b v Mary Lee Bradshaw, b. _____.
152c vi Patrick Donald Bradshaw, b. Mar. 4, 1935.
152d vii Dalie Bradshaw, b. Mar. 5, 1937.
152e viii Michal Bradshaw, b. _____.

64

JOHN CLARENCE GWALTNEY (19-4-1), son of Lafayette and Agnes Jane (Watt) Gwaltney, was born in Greer Township, Warrick Co., Ind., March 2, 1885. Received his education at the Watt school. Married March 21, 1906, Rosetta Rainey, born June 14, 1891. They resided

on a farm in Barton Township, one mile west of the old Watt mill, moving to Evansville, Ind., in 1917, where he remained until 1920, when they returned to the farm. In 1925 moved to farm southwest of Haubstadt, where they remained until they removed to Lynnville, Ind. A farmer, a preacher and at present cashier of the Lynnville National Bank.

CHILDREN

- 153 i Luster Noah Gwaltney, b. Barton Twp. Sept. 12, 1907.
 m. Beulah Scott Jan. 5, 1935. res. 2 mi. e. Ft. Branch.
- 154 ii Newman I. Gwaltney, b. Barton Twp. Aug. 28, 1910.
- 155 iii Ivan Gwaltney, b. Barton Twp. Sept. 12, 1912.
- 156 iv Edwin C. Gwaltney, b. Barton Twp. Dec. 8, 1914. m.
 1938, Carrie Atkins, res. Edinburg, Ind.
- 157 v Charles O. Gwaltney, b. Evansville, Oct. 20, 1917, res.
 Indianapolis.
- 158 vi John C. Gwaltney, b. Evansville, Nov. 12, 1919. res.
 Indianapolis.
- 159 vii Jean Gwaltney, b. Barton Twp. April 17, 1922.
- 160 viii Rosie Gwaltney, b. Vanderburgh Co., Ind., July 24, 1929.

65

SEWARD GWALTNEY (19-4-1), son of Lafayette and Agnes Jane (Watt) Gwaltney, was born in Greer Township, Warrick Co., Ind., September 15, 1886. He married April 11, 1909, Pearl Ship, born in Greer Township, June 15, 1891. He is a teacher in the Rushville, Ind., High School.

CHILDREN

- 161 i Beulah Gwaltney, b. Greer Twp. May 31, 1910. m. —
 Clark. Bookkeeper at Light Co., Marion, Ind.
- 162 ii Loral Gwaltney, b. Greer Twp. Jan. 6, 1912. Graduate
 Louisville School of Medicine. finished internship at
 Covington, Ky., July 1, 1939.

66

GUY GWALTNEY (19-4-1), son of Lafayette and Agnes Jane (Watt) Gwaltney, was born in Greer Township, Warrick Co., Ind., March 3, 1888. He received his entire education at the Watt School. Married at Buckskin, Ind., April 29, 1909, to Mary E. Grimm, born in Greer Township March 6, 1891. They have resided on farms in Warrick and Gibson Counties ever since.

CHILDREN

- 163 i Elza Gwaltney, b. June 17, 1910.
- 164 ii Millard Gwaltney, b. Sept. 27, 1912.
- 165 iii Ruby Gwaltney, b. Aug. 11, 1915.
- 166 iv Fern Gwaltney, b. Feb. 7, 1919.
- 167 v Lois Gwaltney, b. Jan. 12, 1922.
- 168 vi Lloyd Gwaltney, b. Jan. 12, 1922.
- 169 vii Russell Gwaltney, b. May 7, 1925.

68

BERTIS CHARLES GWALTNEY (19-4-1), son of Lafayette and Agnes Jane (Watt) Gwaltney, was born in Greer Township, Warrick, Co., Ind., August 28, 1893. He attended the Watt school for 8 years, Buckskin High School for 2 years and graduated from the Mackey High School in 1912. Received AB degree from Oakland City College in 1919 and BS degree in 1923. Received MD degree from Indiana University in 1930. Taught in the Grade Schools of Indiana for 4 years, in High Schools for 2 years and was Principal of Mackey High School for 7 years. Has lived on farms, in small towns and in larger cities but prefers "the wide open spaces"; so after receiving his MD started practicing in Francisco, a small village of 700, in Gibson County, where he remained for 3 years. Then moved to Ft. Branch (1400), remaining to the present time. Now serving as County Health Officer for Gibson County. He married at Somerville, Ind., May 1, 1917, Barbara Marie Bowel, born in Gibson County October 4, 1894.

CHILDREN

- 170 i Ethan Gwaltney, b. March 7, 1918.
- 171 ii Lawrence Gwaltney, b. Feb. 21, 1920.
- 172 iii Robert Gwaltney, b. June 20, 1922.
- 173 iv Harold Gwaltney, b. Oct. 22, 1929.

71

OSCAR GWALTNEY (19-4-1), son of Lafayette and Agnes Jane (Watt) Gwaltney, was born in Greer Township, Warrick Co., Ind., July 11, 1902, a few months after the death of his father. Educated at the Watt school. Married at Haubstadt, Ind., October 29, 1931, to Ethel Faries, born in Monroe Township, Pike Co., Ind., December 22, 1908. Reside on the old Samuel Watt farm, for 7 years.

CHILDREN

- 174 i Lorene Gwaltney, b. Greer Twp. Warrick Co. Aug. 8, 1933.
- 175 ii Adrain Gwaltney, b. Barton Twp., Gibson Co., April 6, 1936.

72

NORMAN GLENN WATT (20-4-1), son of William John and Susan M. (Carnahan) Watt, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., about one miles east of the town of Buckskin, December 27, 1886. His early life was spent on the farm, first at his birthplace and then on another north of Princeton, Ind. In 1910 entered civil service work as postal clerk at the Princeton Post Office. He married June 29, 1910 at Princeton, Vella McLean, born August 18, 1888, in Washington Co., Ill. (dau. of George McLean. b. May 20, 1849—d. April 18, 1913, and Margaret (Elliott) McLean. b. Perry Co., Ill.—d. Aug. 1, 1914, at Princeton) They moved to Tulsa, Okla., March 17, 1915,

where he became a plumbing and heating contractor. Glenn died at Tulsa April 24, 1940, and Vella died there July 4, 1939.

CHILDREN

- 176 i Thelma Marguerite, b. Princeton, Ind., Aug. 19, 1912.
- 177 ii Owen McLean, b. Tulsa, Okla., Nov. 28, 1921.

73

SARAH MABEL WATT (20-4-1), daughter of William John and Susan M. (Carnahan) Watt, was born in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., July 8, 1893. Came to Tulsa, Okla., with her parents in 1915. From 1915 to 1919 did office work at the A. D. Plumbing Company, and with the Gladys Belle Oil Company from 1919 to 1926. She married at Tulsa, April 8, 1926, Chris C. Russ, born in Harlemmeer, Holland, January 19, 1889, a son of Peter Rus (born in Holland, Oct. 1, 1844, died Pella, Iowa, July 5, 1913) and Aletta (—) Rus, (born Jan. 6, 1844, died at Pella, Iowa, July 9, 1919.) Came to Patterson, N. J., in 1893, after 9 weeks moved to Pella, Iowa, and to Tulsa March 10, 1923. Engaged in the Dry Cleaning business. Added another S to the spelling of the family name to prevent confusion in pronunciation if carelessly written, the u being mistaken for a double e. Reside at 1340 South Rockford, Tulsa, Okla.

CHILD

- 178 i Hazel Sue Russ, b. Tulsa, April 3, 1931.

74

NEWMAN PAUL WATT (20-4-1), son of William John and Susan M. (Carnahan) Watt, was born at Princeton, Ind., November 12, 1896. Moved to Tulsa, Okla., with parents in 1915 where he was employed at the plumbing trade at the time of his death of typhoid fever August 1,

1917. He married at Tulsa, December 9, 1916, Nina Hayden, born at Dothan, Mo., March 7, 1896 (dau. of Washington Warner, a farmer, born at Kilnock, W. Va., Oct. 24, 1853, died at El Reno, Okla., Oct. 9, 1934, and Molly (McGowan) Hayden, born Harrison Co., Mo., Nov. 6, 1876).

CHILD

179 i Warner William, b. Tulsa, Dec. 8, 1917. m. at Tulsa, Dec. 21, 1940, Bettie Corine Thomas, b. Tulsa, July 28, 1922. Warner is a motor mechanic.

76



FRANK HEDDEN WATT (21-4-1), son of Henry Graves and Clara M. (Hedden) Watt, was born near Lynnville, Ind., in Hart Township, Warrick Co., Ind., January 15, 1889. In 1894 moved with parents to farm one mile north of Oakland City, and in 1895 to that town. Attended public school there for one year, then after mother's death in 1896, lived with grandmother (Watt) and attended the old Watt school for two years, returning to Oakland City with grandmother on her moving to that city. Reentered school there, graduating from High School in May, 1907. In High School was class treasurer, organized and played mandolin in school club and sang in male quartette.

After graduation from HS went to Union, Ontario, living with the George E. Doolittle family, working on farm, in cooper shop and Dry House curing apples and packing fruit. Entered Winona Technical Institute at Indianapolis, Ind., in January, 1908, returning to Canada during the summer of 1909, and graduating from Winona Tech in June, 1910, meantime studying drawing under teachers at John Herron Art Institute.

Immediately after leaving Tech entered employ of Courier Journal Job Printing Co. at Louisville, Ky., art department. Remained there for 14 months, during most of which period was a member of Co. A 1st Regiment, Kentucky Inft. Honorably discharged July 5, 1911. Was asst. Scoutmaster of the Temple Troop, first Boy Scout organization formed in the middle west, and was tenor soloist in choir of The Methodist Temple.

In July, 1911, went to Tulsa, Okla., working as helper at the Watt Plumbing Co. and as clerk in shipping department of the Ratcliff-Sanders Wholesale Grocery Co.

Returned to Indiana in 1912 and was employed at Indianapolis until the summer of 1914 by Thornton and Levey and International Paper Novelty Co. as artist and engraver. Studied at the Indianapolis Conservatory of Music and graduated, June, 1913, normal course in voice. Later studied with the Florence Atkins Gavins private studios. Sang in the choir of the Irvington Avenue Methodist (of which W. G. Clinton was pastor) and at the Central Christian Church. Was also member of an amateur company producing light operas and of the Indianapolis Peoples Chorus.

Went to Wichita, Kansas, as engraver with the Western Lithograph Co. in summer of 1914, and was with them until March 1917, excepting three months with the Coombs Printing of St. Joseph, Mo., during 1916. While in Wichita completed a certificate course in Public School Music at the Wichita College of Music and studied Cello under Theodore Lindberg, playing in the Wichita Symphony Orchestra for two seasons. Was a member of the Lyric Glee Club (male) and of the Peerless Entertainers, the latter a male quartette featuring comedy dialogue sketches, cello and ocarina band and doing entertainment and chautauqua work. Was soloist at Central Christian and First Methodist churches.

Registered for military draft at Wichita March 4, 1917, and went east, having accepted position with Davey Tree Expert Co. of Kent, Ohio. Worked the following months in the lake shore country around Buffalo, N. Y., as Tree Surgeon, specializing on cavity work.

Enlisted in the Signal Corps, Inft. U. S. Army at Cleveland, Ohio, while temporarily employed as engraver at Howard-Gorie-Webb Co. of that city. Was stationed at Columbus, O., for two weeks, Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas, two weeks, after which was transferred to the Aviation division and with a small group took over supervision of the new aviation camp, Ellington Field, south of Houston, Texas.

Was at first in charge of propeller department and received warrant as Corporal, Aviation Sec. Signal Corps, US Regular Army Feb. 11, 1918, and the rating of Sergeant on the 28th day of the same month. Served as Non-com in charge of propeller repair, dope house, wire shop, and experimental work until May 5, 1918, then entered the 4th Engineers Reserve Officers Training Camp at Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va. It developed that the purpose of this camp was to train drill-masters for a new draft cantonment in Maryland and having an intense dislike for any form of drilling, requested return to the air service and was returned to Ellington Field about Aug. 1, 1918. This transfer entailed reduction in rank to private 1st class by reason of over-plus in personnel. Shortly after rating of Chaffeur (equal of sergeant) was given and a little later that of Sergeant 1st Class, Aviation Mechanic, with transfer to Flying School Detachment, US Army as Chief Inspector of Airplanes and Asst. Chief in charge of Erection and Repairs. Having no dependents, remained at Ellington Field until Jan. 1, 1920, receiving discharge Nov. 1, 1919, and remaining three months under Civil Service status.

Returned to Wichita, Kans., on leaving the service, with Western Litho Co. for six weeks and went to Waco, Texas, March 4, 1920, with the Hill Printing and Stationery Co., in charge of Lithographic Department, remaining until present time.

Married, at Parsons, Kansas, November 17, 1920, Faye Lorene Odell, (dau. of Alonzo and Mamie (Thorne) Odell), born Parsons, June 15, 1900.

From 1921 to 1933 held positions as tenor soloist, both at St. Pauls Episcopal Church and at Rodef Sholem Temple (Jew). In 1934 organized and served as first president of

the Waco Stamp Collectors Club and was Librarian of Texas Philatelic Association from 1931 to 1940. Member of the Central Texas Archeological Society—vice-president 1936-1937 and secretary-treasurer 1939-1941. Editor and publisher of the Central Texas Archeological Society Bulletin and Central Texas Archeologist, 1934 to date. Helped organize and member of Council of Texas Archeologists. Member of National and Texas Geographic Societies, Texas Paleontological and Archeology Society, Society for American Archeology, New Mexico and Colorado Archeological Society, Sons of American Revolution, J. H. Gurley Lodge No. 337 AF & AM, Waco Chapter No. 45 AM, Waco Council No. 33 R & SM, Amalgamated Lithographers of America (Waco delegate) and of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Contributed articles on stamps to Hobbies magazine, Texas Philatelist, International Stamp Review and others; on archeology to Cen. Texas Arch. Society Bulletin, Central Texas Archeologist, Texas Archeological News, N. A. I. R. C. A. bulletin and others and on varied subjects to the Lithographers Journal, a Trade Union magazine.

Designed and engraved the first issues of the Texas State Liquor and Cigarette tax stamps. In 1934 logged and published under the auspices of Heart-O-Texas Motor Club, the then unfinished Pan-American Highway from Laredo, Texas, to Mexico City. Have as hobbies, collecting first issue magazines and making drawings of celebrities and securing their autographs to same.

Personal description: height 5 feet 10½ inches, weight 170 pounds, ruddy complexion, blue eyes and medium dark curly hair. Resides at 3219 North 27th Street, Waco, Texas.

CHILD

180 i Frank Odell, b. Waco, March 23, 1926. Senior in Waco High School, plays cornet in HS band.

77

BOWLIN WATT WINKLER (22-4-1), son of Frank W. and Mary Elizabeth McGregor (Watt) Winkler, was born on the John Watt, Jr. farm in Barton Township, Gibson County, Ind., October 4, 1899. He attended the old Watt school at the foot of the hill, after which he went to the Oakland City College for six months then returned as teacher at the Watt school for one year, 1918-1919. Taught in the Mackey High School, 1922-1924. Graduated from a four-year course in chemistry at Indiana University in June, 1926. Was metallurgical chemist with the International Harvester Co., Chicago, 1926-1929; assistant chief chemist with Interlake Iron Corporation, Chicago, 1929-1934. Employed as salesman by Remington Rand, Inc., Chicago, 1934-1935, after which he returned to the old home farm. He married Myrtle Curry, born September 24, 1888.

CHILD

181 i Barbara Lois Winkler, b. Chicago, Ill., Sept. 3, 1930.

78

HORACE O. WINKLER (22-4-1), son of Frank W. and Mary Elizabeth McGregor (Watt) Winkler, was born on the John Watt, Jr. farm in Barton Township, Gibson Co., Ind., August 28, 1902. Received his education at the Watt school and has been a farmer all his life with the exception of 4 years, two of which he was manager of an A & P store at Evansville, Ind., and 2 years Horticulture foreman at Decker, Ind. He married Helen Leahman, born March 28, 1904. Reside on farm near Francisco, Ind.

CHILD

182 i Horace John Winkler, b. Barton Twp. Gibson Co., Ind.,
July 9, 1928.

81

JAMES HARRY CARNAHAN (23-4-1), son of Andrew J. and Martha Velma (Watt) Carnahan, was born at Princeton, Ind., February 28, 1892. He attended elementary school at Princeton until 1902 then moved with parents to Bloomington, Ind., where he completed elementary and High School. In 1910 removed with family to Tulsa, Okla., where he learned the plumbing business. Enlisted in the US Army June 28, 1918, and served with 85th Co. 22nd Bn. 165 D. B. at San Antonio, Texas, and with Co. H 68th Inft. at Camp Sheridan, Alabama, where he was discharged on February 1, 1919. Returned to Tulsa and resumed the plumbing business. He married at Tulsa, December 31, 1921, Mary Elizabeth Brennen, born November 12, 1895, at Watertown, Jefferson Co., New York.

CHILD

183 i Mary Rose Carnahan, b. Tulsa, March 24, 1927.

83

FAYE JONES (24-4-1), daughter of Alvah C. and Margaret Alice (Watt) Jones, was born at Oakland City, Ind., July 13, 1900. Moved to Coffeyville, Kans., with parents in 1905 and to Chanute, Kans., in 1906. Attended school there through High School until 1919, at which time the family moved to Tulsa, Okla., where she completed last semester at Tulsa High School. Attended one year at Edmond Teachers College (Oklahoma) and also attended Tulsa University and Greely State Normal (Colorado). Married at Tulsa, February 13, 1925, Ralph Reynolds McCormick. He was born at Perry, Okla. Territory, Aug. 2, 1895. Attended school at Woodward, Okla., six years, graduated from Guthrie High School spring of 1912. Attended Okla. Methodist Univ. and Capitol City Bus. College at Guthrie. Worked in clothing store and twine mills at Guthrie, Cleveland (Okla.) National Bank and was night clerk at Cleveland post office for three years. Drafted US Army, temporary deferred due to death of father, called latter part of August, 1918. Served at

Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark. Dis. as Corp. Hdq. Replacement Co. Jan. 1919. Went to Tulsa, with First National Bank, Correspondent Accounting to 1935, charge of accounting with Waite Phillips, Tulsa, to 1938, in charge of real estate and insurance on trust properties, First Nat. Bank, Tulsa, to date. Charter member of Tulsa C of C, member of Cosmopolitan Club and Odd Fellows, being member of degree team while resident at Cleveland, Okla. Reside at 2634 East 21st Street, Tulsa.

CHILDREN

- 184 i Charlotte Faye McCormick, b. Tulsa, Okla., May 3, 1926.
- 185 ii Ralph Clarence McCormick, b. Tulsa, Jan. 18, 1930.

84

EDWIN JONES (24-4-1), son of Alvah C. and Margaret Alice (Watt) Jones, was born at Oakland City, Ind., August 29, 1904. Moved with parents to Chanute, Kansas, in 1906 and in 1918 to Tulsa, Okla. Married at Tulsa, September 9, 1923, to Margaret K. Shields, born Muncie, Ind., June 16, 1905. Estimator and engineer for Watt Plumbing, Air-conditioning and Electrical Co. since 1923. Reside at 1436 31st Place, Tulsa.

CHILDREN

- 186 i Patricia Ann Jones, b. Tulsa, May 19, 1924.
- 187 ii Margaret Joan Jones, b. Tulsa, Aug. 12, 1925.

85

VICTOR LOWELL NIEKAMP (27-4-1), son of Fred and Ethel Natella (Watt) Nickamp, was born near Buckskin, Ind., June 21, 1900. Moved to Tulsa, Okla., in 1920. Married at Tulsa, August 2, 1927, to Dorothy Ruth Bonar,

born at Hutchinson, Kans., December 14, 1902. He is a plumber and now resides at Ft. Branch, Ind., (1940).

CHILDREN

- 188 i Walter Earl Niekamp, b. Tulsa, Okla., Oct. 28, 1930.
189 ii Marilyn Ann Niekamp, b. Tulsa, Okla., Oct. 6, 1934.

87

RALPH RUPERT NIEKAMP (27-4-1), son of Fred and Ethel Natella (Watt) Niekamp, was born on a farm near Buckskin, Ind., December 5, 1903. Moved to Tulsa, Okla., with parents in 1924. Married at Claremore, Okla., April 4, 1931, to Irma Irene Covell, born at Marseilles, Ill., August 11, 1905. Oil accountant at Tulsa for 15 years. August 10, 1938, moved to Findlay, Ohio, with the Ohio Oil Company.

CHILD

- 190 i James Ralph Niekamp, b. Tulsa, Okla., Dec. 5, 1934.

89

KARL WATT NIEKAMP (27-4-1), son of Fred and Ethel Natella (Watt) Niekamp, was born on a farm near Buckskin, Ind., April 15, 1912. He attended school at Buckskin to the fifth grade then moved with parents to Tulsa, Okla., where he attended school and graduated from High School in 1932. Entered Bethany College, Bethany, W. Va., in fall of 1932, and worked and attended school. Was Asst. director of the Wellsburg, W. Va., High School band 1933-1934. Received degree of AB in Music in June, 1938. Employed by Wierton Steel Co. January 27, 1937, to date. Married at Franklin, W. Va., June 1, 1937, to Mildred Gladys Virgin, born at Independence, Pa., March 18, 1917. Attended Independence schools to eighth grade, High School at Avella, Pa., clerked in Wellsburg, W. Va., A & P stores for two years and now with Shuey-Valetar Co.

90

MARJORIE FAYE NIEKAMP (27-4-1), daughter of Fred W. and Ethel Natella (Watt) Niekamp, was born near Buckskin, Ind., August 15, 1914. Attended school in Tulsa. Studied piano, taught 4 years. Secretary to an attorney, stenographer Investment Corp. Agency, secretary Investors Syndicate. Married Thomas W. Brinkley at Tulsa, June 3, 1938. He was born in Tulsa August 25, 1914. Educated Tulsa schools, B. S. in Petroleum Engineering at University of Tulsa. Was Xylophone soloist Tulsa HS orchestra, Tulsa University Band and Tulsa Symphony. Member Delta Lodge, Tulsa Chapter R A and Trinity Commandry of Tulsa. Engineer for Sinclair Prairie Oil Co. Reside at Kilgore, Texas.

91

DALE HENDERSON WATT (28-4-1), son of Oscar Guthrie and Ruby Cleo (Henderson) Watt, was born at Tulsa, Okla., November 17, 1912. Educated at Tulsa public schools. Graduated from High School in 1929. Attended Tulsa University for one year, two years at Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas, and two years at Oklahoma University, Norman, Okla., receiving a BS degree in Electrical Engineering from Oklahoma University in 1934.

Married, March 5, 1934, to Dorothy M. McDonnell, born April 26, 1914, (dau. of John T. and Louise (Gallo) McDonnell, both natives of St. Louis, Mo.) Dale is president of the Watt Plumbing, Air-Conditioning and Electrical Co. Retail, and as a hobby has a short wave sending and receiving station in his home.

CHILDREN

- | | |
|--------|--|
| 193 i | Marilyn, b. Tulsa, Okla., Dec. 18, 1934. |
| 194 ii | Carolyn, b. Tulsa, Okla., Sept. 9, 1938. |

CLYDA JANE WATT 31-5-1), daughter of Samuel Thomas and Mary Rebecca (Lapsley) Watt, was born on the Samuel Watt farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., October 24, 1885. Her father died when she was five years old and after her mother's second marriage lived with her in Warrick Co. and attended the Watt school until September 9, 1894, then lived with her aunt, Nancy Snow, and attended Oak Dam school in Vanderburgh Co. until May, 1896, when she went to live with her aunt, Lucinda Boot, at Manchester, Tenn. The family moved to a farm at Marysville, Ohio, January 17, 1898, where she completed her education. May 16, 1901, returned to Ft. Branch, Ind., where she married, December 31, 1901, Robert Patterson. He was born on a farm two miles east of Ft. Branch, November 5, 1880, moved to Nebraska City, Neb., when four years old and returned to Indiana in May, 1896. Operated a threshing machine outfit and farmed until 1913, at which time he became engineer for the Ft. Branch Power and Light Plant. This company was taken over by the Public Service Company of Evansville, and he was employed by them until 1920, moving to Evansville in March, 1916. Became engineer for the Hotel Vendome (Evansville) in 1920, and remained until 1938. Moved to Waukegan, Ill., September 17, 1939, where they reside at 20 Orchard Avenue.

CHILDREN

- | | |
|---------|--|
| 195 i | Howard Owen Patterson, b. Dec. 13, 1902. d. July 11, 1903. |
| 196 ii | Mellie Patterson, b. Feb. 8, 1904, d. Feb. 8, 1904. |
| 197 iii | Iva Eunice Patterson, b. May 23, 1905. |
| 198 iv | Violet Blanche Patterson, b. 2 mi. e. of Ft. Branch, Nov. 16, 1907. d. at New Castle, Ind., May 30, 1940, of bronchial pneumonia. bu. Oak Grove cem. N. Chicago, Ill. |
| 199 v | Charles Paul Patterson, b. October 10, 1909. |
| 200 vi | Margurita Vernon Patterson, b. Feb. 8, 1912. edu. Baker School and Cen. High School at Evansville. m. at Crown Point, Ind., Feb. 8, 1936, Albert Collar, b. Waukegan, Ill., Mar. 16, 1910. |
| 201 vii | Helen Louise Patterson, b. Ft. Branch, June 13, 1914. d. Mar. 19, 1915. |

- 202 viii Nelson Patterson, b. Evansville, Nov. 3, 1916. d. Nov. 3, 1916.
- 203 ix Lloyd Patterson, b. Evansville, June, 1918. d. June, 1918.
- 204 x Allison Patterson, b. Evansville, April, 1919. d. April, 1919.
- 205 xi Bettye Catherine Patterson, b. Evansville, Mar. 7, 1922. Ed. at Baker school and Central HS, grad. in 1939. Plays piano and clarinet. Went to Waukegan, Ill., in 1939. Married at Waukegan, June 22, 1941. Vincent Natalie, born Waukegan, July 26, 1915. He is dispatcher for Webber Cartage Co.
- 206 xii Infant Patterson, b. and d. Aug. 19, 1924.

99

LUIDA WATT (31-5-1), daughter of Samuel Thomas and Mary Rebecca (Lapsley) Watt, was born on the Samuel Watt farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., April 1, 1887. Her father died when she was two years old and her mother when she was six and she grew up among strangers. She first attended the Watt school and then the Snake Run (3 miles west of Buckskin) and the Ft. Branch schools. Married (1) at Princeton, Ind., March 27, 1903, Marion Allen Alstadt, a farmer from whom she was divorced in April, 1922. They lived for a number of years on the James Lagrange farm, four miles south of Princeton, on the present-day U. S. highway 41: (2) at Birmingham, Alabama, August 29, 1925, Martin Theodore Maloney. He is an interior decorator. Luida resides at 22 East Louisiana St., Evansville, Ind.

CHILDREN

(1)

- 207 i Leonard Lowell Alstadt, b. Lagrange farm, Gibson Co., Ind., Aug. 16, 1904. Edu. at Ft. Branch and Evansville schools. m. at Evansville, April 6, 1935, Bertha Humphrey. No children. Res. 2421 W. Indiana St., Evansville.
- 208 ii Floyd Sibson Alstadt, b. Kings Station, Ind., July 15, 1906.

- 209 iii Effie Gineth Alstadt, b. Lagrange farm, Nov. 23, 1908. Edu. at Ft. Branch and Evansville schools. m. at Henderson, Ky., July 27, 1924, Diho Ykteb of New York City. div. in 1930. She resides in Chicago, Ill. No children.
- 210 iv Harold Lloyd Alstadt, b. Lagrange farm Feb. 22, 1911. d. July 11, 1911, from whooping cough.

100

LEONARD ARTHUR WATT (31-5-1), son of Samuel Thomas and Mollie (Lapsley) Watt, was born in Gibson Co., Ind., November 2, 1889. He was only five months old when his father died and five years and eight months old at the time of his mother's death, so the family was widely scattered and saw little of each other until grown. He married (1) Nora B. Turner at Ft. Branch, Ind., December 29, 1906. She was born at Owensville, Ind., March 10, 1889, and died at Princeton Hospital from appendicitis operation October 10, 1918. (2) Bertha Lovell, June 2, 1919. They resided at Ft. Branch until her death May 2, 1920, at the age of 20 years, from poison kidney trouble. He then moved to St. Louis, Mo., September 12, 1920, and there married (3) August 29, 1921, Lula Heard, born April 20, 1892, in McLeansboro, Ill. They moved to McLeansboro in 1922 and in 1926 bought a 180-acre farm near Mt. Morris, Ill., where they now reside. Address Route 2, Broughton, Ill. He is five feet, ten inches tall, weighs 220 pounds and has brown eyes and hair.

CHILDREN

(1)

- 211 i Anna Wynonia, b. Owensville, Ind., Oct. 8, 1908.
- 212 ii Herbert Earl, b. Owensville, Jan. 1, 1911.
- 213 iii Mary Frances, b. Owensville, June 22, 1913. d. Nov. 28, 1913.
- 214 iv Beulah May, b. Owensville, Jan. 12, 1914. d. July 15, 1914.
- 215 v Clyde Fern, b. Owensville, June 15, 1915.

(2)

- 216 vi James Arthur, b. Owensville, April 3, 1920. m. at Hyan-
nis, Mass., Dec. 4, 1940, Margaret Clark. James is
in the U. S. Army.

(3)

- 217 vii Ella Mae, b. McLeansboro, Ill., Mar. 19, 1922.
218 viii Delbert, b. McLeansboro, May 21, 1924.
219 ix Gilbert, b. McLeansboro, April 24, 1926.
220 x Helen Velma, b. Mt. Morris, Ill., June 1, 1928.
221 xi Leonard Albert, b. Mt. Morris, Aug. 13, 1934.

103

ANNA JEWEL WATT (35-5-1), daughter of George Henry and Josephine (Roe) Watt, was born on a farm near Ft. Branch, Ind., August 5, 1904. She was educated in the Ft. Branch and Evansville public schools, and married, December 23, 1924, Chester Bruner, born July 28, at Fort Branch. He is a shoemaker and garage man. They lived at Ft. Branch until separation on June 18, 1927.

CHILD

- 222 i Mary Ruth Bruner, b. Princeton Nov. 7, 1925.

104

GEORGE MELVIN WATT (35-5-1), son of George Henry and Josephine (Roe) Watt, was born on a farm near Ft. Branch, Ind., March 29, 1905. He was educated in the Ft. Branch and Evansville public schools, and married in September, 1935. He works in a garage at Vincennes, Ind. Lives 3 miles from town on route 1.

CHILDREN

- 223 i Robert Melvin, b. July 10, 1936.
223a ii Nora Louise, b. May 20, 1939.

107

MARIE S. JUDKINS (36-6-1), daughter of Charles A. and Mary C. (Watt) Judkins, was born in Gibson Co., Ind., March 2, 1909. Married at Chrisney, Ind., August 28, 1928, to Victor Kliema, born at Lynnville, Ind., January 26, 1909. Automobile mechanic for 10 years. Reside at Boonville, Ind.

CHILD

224 i Mary Anna Kliema, b. Boonville, Ind., Aug. 24, 1929.

108

HERBERT C. JUDKINS (36-6-1), son of Charles A. and Mary C. (Watt) Judkins, was born in Warrick Co., Ind., August 11, 1911. Married at Elberfield, Ind., November 6, 1937, to Marie I. Skelton, born in Gibson Co. October 8, 1913. He is a farmer residing in Warrick Co.

CHILD

225 i Infant. d. after Jan., 1939.

109

ROBERT EARL WATT (39-8-1), son of Charles Emmitt and Ella Gertrude (Simpson) Watt, was born on the John Watt, Sr. farm in Greer Township, Gibson Co., Ind. He attended the Watt school. Married at Bloomington, Ind., December 25, 1924, to Gladys Asdell, born May 10, 1901. Insurance agent at Bloomington, Ind., for 18 years.

CHILDREN

227 i Robert Dale, b. Bloomington, Ind., Mar. 21, 1927.

228 ii Kenneth Earle, b. Bloomington, Ind., April 16, 1931.

110

JOHN ADRAIN WATT (39-8-1), son of Charles Emmet and Ella Gertrude (Simpson) Watt, was born on the John Watt, Sr. farm in Greer Township, Warrick Co., Ind., February 15, 1901, and is still living on the old home place. He married at Lynnvile, Ind., October 25, 1924, Ruth Elizabeth Hart (No. 123), born in Hart Township, Warrick Co., Ind., September 28, 1902. She is a great-great granddaughter of John Watt.

CHILD

229 i Helen Elizabeth, b. Greer Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., Oct. 8, 1929.

111

ANNA MARGARET WATT (39-8-1), daughter of Charles Emmet and Ella Gertrude (Simpson) Watt, was born on the old John Watt farm in Greer Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., January 3, 1905. Educated at the Watt school. Married at Bloomington, Ind., June 15, 1935, to Joseph Thompson, born in England, October 10, 1908. He is a letter carrier at Terre Haute, Ind.

CHILD

231 i Joseph Charles Thompson, b. Terre Haute, Ind., Mar. 30, 1941.

112

ROY SIMPSON WATT (39-8-1), son of Charles Emmet and Ella Gertrude (Simpson) Watt, was born on the John Watt farm in Greer Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., April 13, 1913. Married at Somerville, Ind., June 10, 1932, to

Edith Mary Seltzer, born in Gibson Co., Ind., August 2, 1913. Reside at Evansville, Ind.

CHILDREN

- 233 i Anna La Vonne, b. Mackey, Ind., Oct. 7, 1933.
234 ii Bessie La Verne, b. Evansville, Ind., April 14, 1937.

113

PERRY IRELAND (40-8-1), son of George and Carrie Corinth (Watt) Ireland, was born in Warrick County, Ind., September 10, 1901. Married April 30, 1929, to Hallie Holden.

CHILDREN

- 236 i Carrie Laverne Ireland, b. Jan. 27, 1930.
237 ii Lavona Mae Ireland, b. Feb. 22, 1932.
238 iii Robert Lee Ireland, b. June 21, 1939.

115

JAMES BERTIS WATT (44-9-1), son of James Edgar and Anna (Rostrom) Watt, was born in Hart Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., February 7, 1897. He married April 21, 1917, Mary Splittdorff, born December 20, 1897. James worked as fireman on the L & N railroad and as gas and deisel engine repairman for road building crew. At present is a farmer, runs dairy, feeder of cattle and hogs, and is salvage dealer, with a hobby for mechanical construction; taking a piece of wrecked machinery and rebuilding it so that it functions like new. Has lived in Hart Township all his life with exception of living at Evansville, Ind., when firing on the L & N. Resides Route 1, Lynnville, Ind.

CHILDREN

- 241 i Dorothy Ailene, b. Hart Twp. Sept. 1, 1918.
242 ii Alice Marie (twin), b. Hart Twp. Mar. 12, 1928. d. at birth.
243 iii Anna May (twin), b. Hart Twp. Mar. 12, 1928. d. Jan. 24, 1933.
244 iv Joyce Faye, b. Hart Twp. June 26, 1935.

119

MARGARET AUDREY GEYER (48-9-1), daughter of William Sanford and Margaret Eva (Watt) Geyer, was born near Coffeyville, Kansas, December 7, 1902. Moved with parents to Los Angeles, Cal., in 1913 where she graduated from Glendale High School and from Holdmans Business College in Bookkeeping. Married in Los Angeles, August 23, 1922, to Howard Kenyon Burdick, born in Los Angeles, August 28, 0000. Reside at 2308 South Arlington Avenue, Los Angeles.

CHILD

- 251 i Wayne Kenyon Burdick, b. Los Angeles, Aug. 28, 1923.

120

VIRGIL SANFORD GEYER (48-9-1), son of William Sanford and Margaret Eva (Watt) Geyer, was born near Coffeyville, Kansas, October 7, 1904. Moved with parents to Los Angeles, Cal., in 1913. Married at Los Angeles, July 14, 1926, Doris Elene Burdick, (sister of Howard K. Burdick). He is an electrician, Past Patron of Eastern Star and Past Master of Euclid Lodge No. 519. Resides at 1203 West 36th Place, Los Angeles.

CHILD

- 252 i Yvonne Joyce Geyer, b. Los Angeles, Oct. 14, 1932.

121

JAMES WALDRON ENGELS (50-9-1), son of Wellington T. and Mary Elva (Watt) Engels, was born 5 miles northwest of Coffeyville, Kansas, December 19, 1908. Married January 1, 1930, to Agatha Winecoop. Reside Route 4, Coffeyville.

CHILD

- 254 i Wayne Eugene Engels, b. near Coffeyville, Kans., Feb. 25, 1934.

122

AILENE EVA ENGELS (50-9-1), daughter of Wellington T. and Mary Elva (Watt) Engels, was born 5 miles northwest of Coffeyville, Kansas, June 18, 1911. Married at Coffeyville, June 12, 1928, to Fred D. Robertson. Reside at 1105 West 4th Street, Coffeyville.

CHILDREN

- 256 i Mary Jane Robertson, b. Coffeyville, Oct. 1, 1931.
257 ii Fred Warren Robertson, b. Coffeyville, Sept. 21, 1936.



FIFTH GENERATION AND BEYOND

The fifth generation began its cycle shortly after the birth of the present century, its first member arriving in September, 1900. The cycle is incomplete and will be for many years to come. As the years passed the family has waxed great in numbers and scattered far and wide. With the calm indifference of the human race we have become a family of strangers, even more, we are unaware of the existence each of the other.

These records of present day generations are fragmentary, to enlarge as the years pass, but here now may serve as an introduction, one to the other—and may some time be continued to completion by others.



RUSSELL DELLO HART (52-13-2-1), son of I. Dale and Margaret Syrvilla (McCullough) Hart, was born in Hart Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., December 19, 1904. Educated in the Hart Twp. schools and Lynville High School. Attended Evansville College for one term and Oakland City College for one term. Taught school in Hart Twp. for 4 years then became a farmer. Married, February 7, 1925, to Irene Crane.

125

RALPH McCULLOUGH HART, (52-13-2-1), son of I. Dale and Margaret Syrvilla (McCullough) Hart, was born near Boonville, Ind., October 8, 1906. He was educated in the Hart Twp. schools and at Lynville High School and is a graduate of Coyne Electrical School of Chicago, Ill. Farmed for awhile and is at present with the Warrick County Highway Department. Married, March 4, 1934, to Gladys Heilman. Reside Route 7, Boonville, Ind.

CHILD

- 261 i Harold Ray Hart, b. Warrick Co., Ind., April 1, 1937.

126

DORIS IRWIN McCULLOUGH (53-13-2-1), son of Francis Clarence and Bertha (Thompson) McCullough, was born on a farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., September 18, 1900. He attended the Watt school for a few years. Graduated from Tulsa, Okla., High School; received BS degree from Oklahoma A & M College at Stillwater. Married at Stillwater, September 3, 1923, Alma Taylor, born at Stroud, Okla., June 23, 1902. She has a BS degree from Oklahoma A & M College. Became connected with the Oklahoma Highway Department June 1, 1923, and is now Asst. State Bridge Engineer. Reside at 1506 West 42nd Street, Oklahoma City.

CHILDREN

- 263 i Donald Irwin McCullough, b. Okla. City, Oct. 11, 1925.
264 ii Marjorie May McCullough, b. Okla. City, Aug. 23,
 1927.
265 iii Carrol June McCullough, b. Okla. City, April 27, 1931.
 d. Feb. 8, 1936 (twin).
266 iv Mary Lou McCullough, b. Okla. City, April 27, 1931
 (twin).

128

GERALD WALDO McCULLOUGH (53-13-2-1), son of Francis Clarence and Bertha (Thompson) McCullough, was born on a farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., April 1, 1904. Graduated from Oklahoma A & M College, Stillwater, in 1925. With Phillips Petroleum Co. of Bartlesville, Okla., since June 1, 1925. Is now chief Manufacturing Engineer, Natural Gas Department. Married at Tulsa, Okla., January 16, 1925, to Opal Hope Mason, born near Fayetteville, Ark., January 16, 1903. She attended Oklahoma A & M College for two years. Reside at Bartlesville, Okla.

CHILDREN

- 267 i Gerald William McCullough, b. Bartlesville, May 2, 1929.
- 268 ii Infant girl McCullough, b. and d. Bartlesville, Mar. 12, 1932.
- 269 iii Kenneth Waldo McCullough, b. Bartlesville, July 24, 1933.
- 270 iv Barbara Hope McCullough, b. Bart., Sept. 15, 1937.
- 271 v Linda Louise McCullough, b. Bart., Jan. 13, 1941.

129

ROY CLARENCE McCULLOUGH (53-13-2-1), son of Francis Clarence and Bertha (Thompson) McCullough, was born on a farm in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., March 1, 1908. Graduate of Oklahoma A & M College at Stillwater. Eight years with Phillips Petroleum Co. at Bartlesville, Okla., and at present with the Continental Oil Co. Refining Department, at Ponca City, Okla. Married at Guthrie, Okla., May 13, 1929, to Lillian Lee, born September 15, 1908, in Oklahoma. Attended Oklahoma A & M for one year. Reside at Ponca City, Okla.

CHILD

- 272 i Frank McCullough, b. Kansas City, Mo., April 30, 1934.

131

ROBERT DALE McCULLOUGH (53-13-2-1), son of Francis Clarence and Bertha (Thompson) McCullough, was born at Terre Haute, Ind., March 13, 1913. Graduated Kansas City School of Osteopathy and Surgery in 1935. Interne at Lakeside Hospital, Kansas City, 1935-1936. Now Osteopathic Physician at Tulsa, Okla. Married at Tulsa, June 10, 1934, to Roberta Purdy, born at Tulsa, June 10, 1915. She is graduate of Tulsa High School and Tulsa Business College.

CHILDREN

- 277 i Robert Dale McCullough, b. Tulsa, June 2, 1937.
278 ii Carol Joyce McCullough, b. Tulsa, Feb. 25, 1941.

132

IVAN WENDELL SICKMAN (55-13-2-1), son of Ivan H. and Alma Lavina (McCullough) Sickman, was born near the old Watt school in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., June 12, 1912. Married August 31, 1935, to Irene Bessing. Resides at Buckskin, Ind.

CHILD

- 281 i Shirley Ann Sickman, b. June 12, 1937.

138

O. S. BUGG (57-15-2-1), son of Norman E. and Maud (Spillman) Bugg, was born_____. Educated at Missouri Junior College and at Washington University. Married_____. Reside at Evansville, Indiana.

CHILDREN

- 290 i _____ 1929 (Girl).
291 ii _____ 1933 (Girl).

140

KENLY C. BUGG (57-15-2-1), son of Norman E. and Maud (Spillman) Bugg, was born_____. Married_____. Inventor and lives at Ft. Wayne, Ind.

CHILD

293 i _____1938 (Girl).

141

LOYAL L. BUGG (57-15-2-1), son of Norman and Maud (Spillman) Bugg, was born_____. Educated at Missouri Junior College, with degree from Washington University. Married_____. Production manager for Ford Motor Co., St. Louis, Mo.

CHILD

295 i _____b. at St. Louis, Mo._____1938 (boy).

144

PEARL LOUISE NULL (60-17-2-1), daughter of J. W. and Leila O. (Bradshaw) Null, was born at Bentonville, Ark., April 16, 1911. Married L. T. Gregg or Greeg. Reside at Ft. Worth, Texas.

CHILDREN

300 i Lawrence Terrell Greeg, b. Ft. Worth, May 17, 1936.
301 ii _____(girl). b. Ft. Worth, _____1939.

145

MAE ELIZABETH NULL (60-17-2-1), daughter of J. W. and Leila O. (Bradshaw) Null, was born at Kingsville, Texas, May 31, 1913. Married Millican Montgomery. Reside at Ft. Worth, Texas.

CHILD

303 i Betty Eileen Montgomery, b. Ft. Worth, Texas, Nov.,—
1939.

149

DOROTHY HAHN (62A-18-2-1), daughter of Joseph A. and Esther Lorell (Bradshaw) Hahn, was born in St. Louis, Mo., _____, 1918. Married Alvin Krause, born in St. Louis, January 19, 1910. Reside in St. Louis, Mo.

CHILD

307 i Lorell Jean Krause, b. St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 21, 1935.

154

NEWMAN GWALTNEY (64-19-4-1), son of John Clarence and Rosetta (Rainey) Gwaltney, was born in Barton Twp., Gibson Co., Ind., August 28, 1910. Married, July 1, 1932, Peggy Smith. Reside 5 miles east of Ft. Branch, Ind.

CHILDREN

318 i Donald Gwaltney, b. Aug. 18, 1933.

319 ii Peggy Ellen Gwaltney, b. Sept. 19, 1937.

155

IVAN GWALTNEY (64-19-4-1), son of John Clarence Gwaltney, was born in Greer Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., one mile west of the old John Watt farm, September 18, 1912. Moved with parents to Evansville, Ind., for three years, returned to farm and attended the Watt school for five years, then moved to near Haubstadt, Ind., where he completed grade schools and graduated from High School in 1932. Entered Oakland City College in 1933 for three years and was ordained a minister of the gospel in the Congregational Christian Church in 1934. Served as pastor of the Old Union Church at Edinburg, Ind., and neighboring cities from 1935 to 1939, moving to Indianapolis, Ind., in July. Married at Mt. Carmel, Ill., December 24, 1932, to Florence Rogers, born at Evansville, Ind., July 30, 1915.

CHILDREN

- 321 i Ivanna Belle Gwaltney, b. Oakland City, Oct. 11, 1934.
- 322 ii Phyllis Ann Gwaltney, b. Edinburg, Ind., Jan. 19, 1936.

176

THELMA MARGUERITA WATT (72-20-4-1), daughter of Norman Glenn and Vella (McClean) Watt, was born at Princeton, Ind., August 19, 1912. Moved with parents to Tulsa, Okla., in 1916. Educated in the Tulsa public schools, graduating from Tulsa High School and Tulsa Business College. Married at Tulsa, June 29, 1935, to Lawrence Edwin Myer, born at Winfield, Kans., August 20, 1909. Educated at Winfield public schools. From March to July, 1928, was with the Prairie Oil and Gas Co. at Independence, Kans., and from July, 1928, to date with Prairie Oil and Gas Co. and Sinclair Prairie Oil Co. at Tulsa, Okla.

CHILD

- 345 i Norman Edwin Myer, b. Tulsa, Okla., Mar. 19, 1940.

197

IVA EUNICE PATTERSON (98-31-5-1), daughter of Robert and Clyda Jane (Watt) Patterson, was born on a farm near Ft. Branch, Ind., May 23, 1905. Educated at the Sheridan school in Gibson Co. (1916), Baker school and Central High School at Evansville, Ind. Worked at Lincoln Hotel and at Chamber of Commerce at Evansville. August, 1925, went to Chicago, in December to Waukegan, where she met and married (at home in Evansville), October 14, 1926, Frank Koschalk, born Ely, Minn., May 3, 1903. He was educated in the Ely schools and worked for mining companies of the Vermilion Iron Range at Ely. Now with John Mansville Co. at Waukegan, Ill.

CHILDREN

- 365 i Robert Francis Koschalk, b. Waukegan, Ill., Easter Sunday, April 8, 1928. Attends Washington school.
366 ii Richard Donald, b. Evansville, Ind., Dec. 21, 1932.

199

CHARLES PAUL PATTERSON (98-31-5-1), son of Robert and Clyda Jane (Watt) Patterson, was born on a farm near Ft. Branch, Ind., October 10, 1909. Attended Baker school and Central High School at Evansville, Ind. Learned printing trade and went to Waukegan, Ill., in 1928. Worked for John Mansville, Highland Park Printers, and at present is with the Johnson Motor Co. Married at Decatur, Ill., December 20, 1929, Grace Marie Stein, born at Mishewaka, Ind., April 9, 1913. Reside at Waukegan.

CHILD

- 368 i Ralph Walter Patterson, b. Waukegan, Ill., Sept. 18, 1932.

208

FLOYD SIBSON ALSTADT (99-31-5-1), son of Marion Allen and Luida (Watt) Alstadt, was born at Kings Station, Gibson Co., Ind., July 15, 1906. Educated in the public schools of Ft. Branch and Evansville. Married at Evansville, January 26, 1926, to Evelyn Gladys Walice (Wallace), born 3 miles west of Ft. Branch, Ind., November 6, 1906. They have lived at 22 East Louisana St., Evansville, Ind., since marriage, except residence was at Chicago, Ill., for 2 years. Employed at Chrysler Automobile Plant.

CHILDREN

- 371 i Evelyn Marion Alstadt, b. Evansville, Ind., June 16, 1928.
- 372 ii Kenneth Lee Alstadt, b. Evansville, Ind., Feb. 16, 1930.
- 373 iii Jean Allen Alstadt, b. Evansville, Ind., June 17, 1931.
d. Aug. 27, 1931. Buried at Walnut Hill Cem. Ft. Branch, Ind.
- 374 iv Eleanor Jane Alstadt, b. Chicago, Ill., Aug. 14, 1933.

211

ANNA WYNONA WATT (100-31-5-1), daughter of Leonard Arthur and Nora B. (Turner) Watt, was born at Owensville, Ind., October 8, 1908. She attended the Owensville schools for three years, St. Louis, Mo., two years, and Texas Grove of Delafield, Ill., four years. Married at Essex, Mo., January 15, 1923, to Clyde Lankford, born at Essex. Lived at Essex for 10 years, then moved to Pontiac, Mich., where they now reside.

CHILDREN

- 376 i Wanda Mae Lankford, b. St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 8, 1924.
m. June 26, 1941, to Oscar Lanetot of Canada.
- 377 ii William R. Lankford, b. Essex, Mo., Nov. 2, 1932.
- 378 iii George Lankford, b. Essex, Mo., Sept. 28, 1936.

212

HERBERT EARL WATT (100-31-5-1), son of Leonard Arthur and Nora B. (Turner) Watt, was born at Owensville, Ind., January 1, 1911. He was educated in the Owensville schools three years, St. Louis, Mo., schools for two years, Texas Grove of Delafield, Ill., four years, and graduated from McLeansboro, Ill., schools in 1924. He is a mechanic at present, living on a farm near Streater, Ill. Married at McLeansboro, November 15, 1930, to Ruby Austin, born near Norris City, Ill., April 23, 1909.

CHILD

- 380 i Earl Dean, b. near McLeansboro, Ill., Jan. 19, 1932. d.
Feb. 22, 1932.

215

CLYDE FERN WATT (100-31-5-1), daughter of Leonard Arthur and Nora B. (Turner) Watt, was born at Owensville, Ind. June 15, 1916. Attended school two years in St. Louis, Mo., four years at Texas Grove of Delafield, Ill., and three at Pig Ridge, Ill. Married at Essex, Mo., April 10, 1930, to Herschel Lankford, born at Essex, Mo.

CHILDREN

- 382 i Eugene Lankford, b. Chicago, Ill., May 21, 1931.
383 ii Lois Blanch Lankford, b. Essex, Mo., Feb. 19, 1933.
384 iii Betty Ruth Lankford, b. Essex, Mo., Jan. 18, 1935.
385 iv Joan Lankford, b. Essex, Mo.
386 v Barbara Lankford, b. Essex, Mo.
387 vi Joyce Ann Lankford, b. Pontiac, Mich., July 8, 1941.

241

DOROTHY AILENE WATT (115-44-9-1), daughter of James Bertis and Mary (Splittdorff) Watt, was born in Hart Twp., Warrick Co., Ind., September 1, 1918. Married, May 4, 1935, to Eugene Snyder, born June 24, 1915.

CHILDREN

- 403 i Waneta Rae Snyder, b. Hart Twp., Warrick Co., Ind.,
 July 10, 1937.
- 404 ii Glenda Lee Snyder, b. Hart Twp., Dec. 27, 1939.

WILLIAM SIMPSON FAMILY

WILLIAM SIMPSON, born near Charleston, South Carolina, 1791. Married in South Carolina (1) June 16, 1827, Jane _____, born June 22, 1808, died in Gibson County, Indiana, January 9, 1848; (2) January 11, 1849, Martha Kirkpatrick, born December 30, 1809, died 1895.

CHILDREN

(1)

- i Solomon G., b. Feb. 8, 1828, d. May 30, 1862.
- ii Martha M., b. Dec. 29, 1829, d. Oct. 6, 1907. m. Jonathan Clinton.
- iii Catherine B., b. Mar. 13, 1832, d. Oct. 10, 1855. m. Sam Binkley.
- iv Elizabeth J., b. July 13, 1833, d. April 10, 1836.
- v Thomas H., b. Nov. 17, 1836, d. Feb. 14, 1848.
- vi William A., b. Feb. 25, 1839.
- vii John P., b. June 23, 1841, d. Nov. 29, 1916.
- viii Sarah Ann, b. Sept. 26, 1843, d. Jan. 18, 1899.
- ix Rebecca J., b. Mar. 1, 1846, m. Jess Patrick.

(2)

- x James S., b. Oct. 28, 1849, d. Sept. 5, 1862.
- xi Milton A., b. Feb., 1851, d. April 28, 1935.

JOHN P. SIMPSON, born June 23, 1841, died Nov. 29, 1916, at Princeton, Indiana. Married (1) at Lynville, Indiana, October 4, 1865, Margaret J. Dickey, born November 15, 1847, died February 9, 1885; (2) at New Albany, Indiana, November 3, 1885, Sarah Jane (Doolittle) Hedden, born September 3, 1840, died October 31, 1924.

CHILDREN

(1)

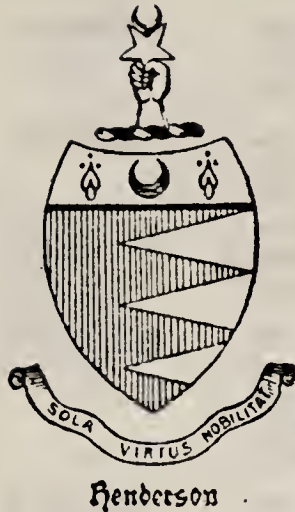
- i Ulyses Grant, b. Buckskin, Ind., Oct. 22, 1868, d. Nov. 2, 1881.
- ii William Neal, b. Feb. 28, 1870.
- iii Jonathan Graves, b. July 12, 1871, d. Nov. 23, 1871.
- iv Agnes Jane, b. Oct. 18, 1872, d. April 9, 1875.
- v Ella Gertrude, b. April 9, 1875. m. Chas. E. Watt.
- vi Joseph Clarence, b. April 26, 1878, d. June 27, 1879.
- vii Edward Otis, b. April 1, 1880.

WILLIAM NEAL SIMPSON, married February 28, 1894, Amy B. Roper, born Elberfield, Indiana, November 6, 1876. William died at Ft. Branch, Indiana, July 23, 1927.

CHILDREN

- i Presley Wirt, b. Elberfield, Ind., Dec. 19, 1899, d. at Evansville, Ind., April 24, 1936. m. July 15, 1923, Doris Hazel McCutcheon, b. Elberfield, Mar. 16, 1900. One child, Billy Grant Simpson, b. Dec. 5, 1929.
- ii Gertrude Mae, b. Oakland City, Ind., June 2, 1905, d. April 5, 1926. m. Nov. 27, 1925, Delmond Cole. Child: Rosalie Mae Cole, b. April 4, 1926.
- iii Amy Mildred, b. Oakland City, Aug. 30, 1910. m. John Bonenberger, b. Winslow, Ind., April 21, 1906.

GENEALOGICAL TABLES



The Henderson coat of arms shown here is that of the family of Fordell, of the baronage of Scotland, the home of the line that settled in Virginia, with a branch making its home in the Carolinas. Three sons of Alexander Henderson of Fordell, Fifeshire, Scotland, settled near Alexandria, Va., prior to 1740.

Henderson

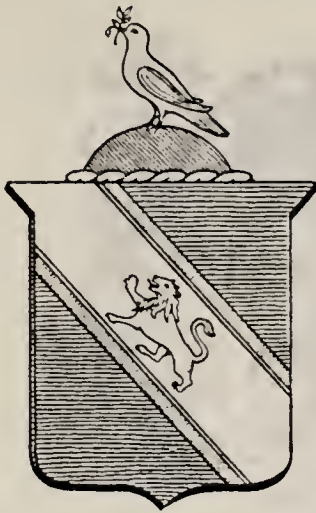
6. WILLIAM served in Revolutionary War with the Carolina troops. Went to Kentucky from Alabama and from there to Covington, Indiana. There is an uncertainty as to the parents of William.
5. JACOB son of William and (————) Henderson, married, 1832, Hannah Booth, born August 10, 1814, died September 12, 1907. Jacob moved from Indiana to Fulton, Ill.
4. NATHAN G. son of Jacob and Hannah (Booth) Henderson, was married to Elizabeth Cline.
3. JOHN J. son of Nathan G. and Elizabeth (Cline) Henderson, was born at Bushnell, Ill., September 26, 1856, died at Tulsa, August 14, 1940. Married at Marysville, Iowa, Dec. 12, 1880, Mary Elizabeth Owens, born at Springfield, Ill., April 10, 1858, died at Tulsa Dec. 14, 1940.
2. RUBY CLEO daughter of John J. and Mary Elizabeth (Owens) Henderson, was born at Oakwood, Mo., July 1, 1889. Married at Tulsa, June 1, 1911, Oscar Guthrie Watt, born in Gibson Co., Ind., April 4, 1881.
1. WATT. son of Oscar Guthrie and Ruby Cleo (Henderson)
DALE H. Watt, was born at Tulsa, Okla., Nov. 17, 1912.

Pepper

1. SAMUEL was born in England about 1720 and came to Virginia in 1747. Married Elizabeth Holton, born in Fauquier Co., Virginia, of English parents.
2. SAMUEL son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Holton) Pepper, was born February 22, 1756, died in Missouri in 1824. Married Amelia Connor, of Irish parents who died when she was very young and little is known of them but the names of their children: Lewis, Catherine, Mary, Elizabeth and Tom.
3. WILLIAM son of Samuel and Amelia (Connor) Pepper, was born August 5, 1779, died January 1, 1866. Married Polly Scroggs (dau. of Ebenezer and Fannie (Stuart 1 Lyle 2) Scroggs), born February 1, 1784.
4. SAMUEL son of William and Polly (Scroggs) Pepper, was
STUART born July 10, 1803. Married Dorcas S. Wiley, born January 25, 1811.
5. HANNAH A. daughter of Samuel Stuart and Dorcas S. (Wiley) Pepper, was born September 26, 1837, died at Charleston, Ill., July 23, 1907. Married at Charleston, Ill., July 23, 1854, to Harrison¹ Alexander Owens, born February 22, 1837, and died September 16, 1927. He was a silversmith. Served three years in the Union army in Co. A 123 Reg., Ill. Inf., enlisting Aug. 1, 1862. Honorably discharged on account of disability.
6. OWENS, daughter of Harrison Alexander and Hannah A.
MARY (Pepper) Owens, was born at Springfield, Ill.,
ELIZABETH April 10, 1858, died at Tulsa, Okla., December 14, 1940. Married John J. Henderson, born at Bushnell, Ill., September 26, 1856, died Tulsa, August 14, 1940.

Hedden

7. JACOB was born in North Carolina July 13, 1750, and died in Spencer County, Ky., in 1834. His wife, Mary Jane, was born April 1, 1759.
6. DANIEL son of Jacob and Mary Jane (?) Hedden, married Nancy Tilley in Shelby County, Ky., Dec. 6, 1798.
5. DANIEL son of Daniel and Nancy (Tilley) Hedden, married (2) March 5, 1840, Elizabeth Deen.
4. FRANCIS M. son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Deen) Hedden, was born near Rono (now Magnet), Perry County, Ind., Nov. 17, 1840, died May 31, 1882. Married Sarah Jane Doolittle.

**Tothill**

The Coat-of-Arms here shown was granted to William Tuthill in Devonshire, England, in 1591. The original spelling of the name was Totyl, then it became Tothill and later became Tuttle. The William who came to America was a descendant of William of Devonshire.

Tuttle

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 11. WILLIAM | came to America with the Rev. Davenport Colony that founded New Haven, Conn., in April, 1638, landing in Boston in July, 1637, at the age of 26. |
| 10. JOSEPH | 6th child of William and Elizabeth Tuttle, was baptized in New Haven, Nov. 22, 1640, died in Sept., 1690. Married May 2, 1667, Hannah Munson. |
| 9. JOSEPH | oldest son of Joseph and Hannah (Munson) Tuttle, was born March 18, 1668, married Elizabeth Sanford. |
| 8. NOAH | second son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Sanford) Tuttle, born Dec. 12, 1694. Married Dec. 1, 1720, Rachel Hoadley. |
| 7. JOSEPH | sixth child of Noah and Rachel (Hoadley) Tuttle, was born July 18, 1734, at New Haven Conn., died at Durham, Conn., Jan. 18, 1813. Married Oct. 29, 1761, Mary Granger, born 1744, died Oct. 22, 1816. |
| 6. ASHAEL | born April 15, 1775. Married Feb. 15, 1798, Mary Conolly, born 1780, died July 25, 1856. |
| 5. ELIZABETH
ANN | born April 8, 1807, died July 11, 1871. Married April 17, 1831, to Samuel Johnson, born 1808, died Oct. 25, 1861. |
| 4. JOHNSON,
FRANCES
CORNELIA | born Mar. 31, 1833, died Dec. 24, 1909. Married, May 3, 1853, at The Little Church Around the Corner, New York City, to William Henry Thorne, born Nov. 30, 1830, died 1911. Both are buried at Parsons, Kans. |
| 3. THORNE,
MAMIE | born Aug. 28, 1879. Married, Dec. 21, 1898, to S. Alonzo Odell, born Leavenworth, Ind., July 1, 1872. |
| 2. ODELL,
FAYE
LORENE | born at Parsons, Kans., June 15, 1900. Married Nov. 17, 1920, to Frank Hedden Watt, born Jan. 15, 1889. |
| 1. WATT,
FRANK ODELL | born at Waco, Texas, March 23, 1926. |



Doolittle

The Doolittle coat of arms was granted by an act of Parliament in 1621 to a Clarke (e) of Kent, whose mother was proven to be a lineal descendant of Rudolph Doolittle. Rudolph of Dolieta*, County of Contentin, Normandy, was an uncle of William and accompanied him to England and when William (now the Conqueror) was placed on the English throne after the battle of Hastings, 1066, was awarded an earldom and appointed Earl Marshal for life, the commission being written in the name of Rudolph Doolittle, thereby establishing the Doolittle surname.

*Rudolph of Dolieta, son of Richard the Good, son of Richard the Fearless, son of William Longsword, son of Rolf the Ranger, founder and first rule of the Norman Nation, whose father was Jarl Ragnwald, king of Mora, Norway, reigned about A. D. 850.

The wife of Rolf the Ranger was a daughter of Count Beranger, member of the royal family of France, and direct descendant of Charlemagne.

Doolittle

1. ABRAHAM born in England 1619, came to Boston before 1640. Died August 11, 1690. Married (2) Abigail Moss, born April 10, 1642, died November 5, 1710.
2. SAMUEL son of Abraham and Abigail (Moss) Doolittle. Born New Haven, Connecticut, July 7, 1665; died September 25, 1714. Married Mary Cornwall, born November 20, 1666; died November 16, 1742.
3. SAMUEL son of Samuel and Mary (Cornwall) Doolittle. Born New Haven, Connecticut, August 31, 1691; died July 17, 1736. Married Jane Wheeler.
4. EPHRIAM son of Samuel and Jane (Wheeler) Doolittle. Born Stafford, Conn., October 29, 1725; died 1807. Married Sarah Morton.
5. MOSES son of Ephriam and Sarah (Morton) Doolittle. Born Worcester, 1758; died August 22, 1829. Moved to Canada 1799. Married Elizabeth Buck.
6. SAMUEL son of Moses and Elizabeth (Buck) Doolittle. Born Pittsford, Vermont, January 29, 1792; died December 17, 1862, at West Fork, Indiana. Married Sabra Scott, born December 17, 1797; died July 29, 1851. Moved to Canada 1799, to Indiana, 1838.

7. GEORGE NELSON son of Samuel and Sabra (Scott) Doolittle. Born Pickering, Ontario, March 18, 1817. Died April 1, 1876. Married Mary Ann Tower, born May 16, 1823; died August 27, 1855.
8. SARAH JANE daughter of George Nelson and Mary A. (Tower) Doolittle. Born September 3, 1840; died October 31, 1924. Married Francis M. Hedden, born November 17, 1840; died May 31, 1880.
9. CLARA M. HEDDEN daughter of Francis M. and Sarah Jane (Doolittle) Hedden. Born Feb. 25, 1869, died July 30, 1896. Married Henry Graves Watt, born July 30, 1863; died January 21, 1929.
10. FRANK H. WATT son of Henry Graves and Clara M. (Hedden) Watt. Born January 15, 1889. Married Faye Lorene Odell, born June 15, 1900.
11. FRANK ODELL son of Frank H. and Faye Lorene (Odell) Watt. Born March 23, 1926.

Tower

1. JOHN born May 17, 1609, came to America from England in 1637. Married Margaret I. Brook, February 13, 1638. Died February 1701. Was the son of Robert I. and Dorothy (Damon) Tower.
2. SAMUEL son of John and Margaret (Brook) Tower. Born January 26, 1661-2. Married Silence Damon, December 14, 1683. Died March 21, 1723-24.
3. SAMUEL son of Samuel and Silence (Damon) Tower. Born December 15, 1689. Married Lydia Whiting, November 26, 1719. Died March 1733-34.
4. MATHEW son of Samuel and Lydia (Whiting) Tower. Born July 11, 1722. Married Lydia Wilder, May 15, 1745. Died January 28, 1749-50.
5. MATHEW son of Mathew and Lydia (Wilder) Tower. Born January 15, 1746. Married Lydia Beal, November 27, 1766. Died 1782.
6. MATHEW son of Mathew and Lydia (Beal) Tower. Born June 18, 1768. Married Abigail Nobby Bates, October 27, 1791. Died September 21, 1845.
7. ABRAHAM BATES son of Mathew and Abigail (Bates) Tower, born April 27, 1798. Married Delilah Lynch. Died 1855, Crawford County, Indiana.
8. MARY ANN daughter of Abraham Bates and Delilah (Lynch) Tower. Born May 16, 1823. Married George Nelson Doolittle. Died August 27, 1855.
9. DOOLITTLE, SARAH JANE daughter of George Nelson Doolittle and Mary A. (Tower) Doolittle. Born September 3, 1840. Married Francis M. Hedden. Died October 31, 1924.

